

**Lunar Atmosphere and Dust  
Environment Explorer  
(LADEE)  
(LDEX PDS Software Interface  
Specification)**

David James and Jamey Szalay

**(06/25/2015)**

Ames Research Center  
Moffett Field, California



<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E Date: 06/25/2015</b>

This document is approved in accordance with LADEE Configuration Management Plan, C04.LADEE.CM, paragraph 3.6.1.1 Document Release Routing Approval Process.

Page three of this document contains the approved routed release of this document.

### Approval Signatures

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. David James  
Instrument Calibration Engineer, LDEX

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Mihaly Horanyi  
Principle Investigator, LDEX

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Greg Delory  
LADEE Deputy Project Scientist

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Michael F. A'Hearn  
PDS Small Bodies Node Manager

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dr. Tom Morgan  
Project Manager, PDS

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E Date: 06/25/2015</b>

This page reserved for routing approval report

<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E Date: 06/25/2015</b>

<b>REVISION HISTORY</b>			
<b>Rev.</b>	<b>Description of Change</b>	<b>Author(s)</b>	<b>Effective Date</b>
DraftA	Initial Draft	David James	6/15/2011
DraftB	Column Descriptions added Added section from Carol	David James Jamey Szalay	8/9/2012
DraftC	Added Input from Jamey	Jamey Szalay	11/1/2012
RevA	Changes made from Mark and Carol Suggestions and updated Column Descriptions	David James	11/7/2012
RevB	This version incorporates the changes resulting from the pre-launch PDS review on 1/9/2013 including liens from that review.	David James Jamey Szalay	5/24/2013
RevC	Changes to SIS before first science data submission.  -Changed time and documentation to have just 3 digits after the seconds decimal. -Changed UTC format from yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss to yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss. -Changed calibration curve in document. Also changed wording to match this. -Entries in Mass table: Added: quality, tgt_charge, saturated Removed: flags -Entries in Current table: Added std_current, signal, std_signal, background, std_background Removed: vel, flags -Changed volume architecture to match PDS4 -Deleted image velocity product in Mass table	David Carol Neese	4/16/2014
RevD	Changes to SIS after science data review on 6/30/2014.  - Added more cites to reference [8] throughout. - Changed header to read 'software interface specification' - Added mass uncertainty column - Added a note to the description for column 5 (Image	David James Carol Neese Jamey Szalay	

<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E Date: 06/25/2015</b>

	<p>charge) in the calibrated mass tables that the low values and frequent zero values are real.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Unit of current is now in elementary charge per second.</li> <li>- Added sentence in diagnostic table description saying they don't change that much.</li> <li>- Clarified quality flag reference in mass table.</li> <li>- Added a discussion of negative currents.</li> <li>- Explained symbols in figure 3.</li> <li>- Fixed switched reference.</li> <li>- Fixed sentence structure in places for clarity. No content change here.</li> <li>- Changed section 4.4 to match new bundle architecture.</li> <li>- Changed format of mass to E9.3.</li> <li>- Added a description and table of quality flags.</li> </ul>		
RevE	- Added description of the derived data product	Jamey Szalay David James	6/25/2015

<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E</b>
	<b>Date: 06/25/2015</b>

## **CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT PLAN**

This document is an LADEE Project Configuration Management (CM)-controlled document. Changes to this document require prior approval of the LADEE Project Manager. Proposed changes shall be submitted to the LADEE CM office along with supportive material justifying the proposed change. Changes to this document will be made by complete revision.

Questions or comments concerning this document should be addressed to:

LADEE Project Control Manager  
Mail Stop 240-5  
Ames Research Center  
Moffett Field, California 94035

Ames Research Center Document	Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)
	Rev.: E
	Date: 06/25/2015

ACRONYMS .....	ix
1. INTRODUCTION .....	10
1.1 Purpose and Scope .....	10
1.2 Contents .....	10
1.3 Applicable Documents and Constraints.....	10
1.4 Relationships with Other Interfaces .....	10
2. MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT.....	10
3. DATA PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS AND ENVIRONMENT.....	10
3.1 Instrument Overview .....	10
3.1.1 Impact Ionization Detectors.....	11
3.1.2 Charge Integration Detector .....	13
3.1.3 HV Screens.....	13
3.1.4 Calibration.....	14
3.1.4.1 Single Event Detection .....	14
3.1.4.1.1 Temperature Effects.....	16
3.1.4.1.2 Radial Position Effects .....	16
3.1.4.1.3 MCP Gain v.s. MCP Bias Voltage .....	16
3.1.4.2 Integration Channel.....	16
3.1.4.3 Raw to Reduced Conversions .....	17
3.2 Dust Density Calculation .....	19
3.3 Data Products.....	20
3.3.1 LDEX Product Definitions.....	21
3.3.2 Data Product Detailed Description and Format .....	21
3.3.3 Data Products Generation.....	21
3.3.4 Data Validation .....	21
4. ARCHIVE COLLECTION.....	22
4.1 Generation .....	22
4.2 Data Transfer .....	22
4.3 Review and Revision .....	22
4.4 Data Volume Architecture .....	22
5. ARCHIVE RELEASE SCHEDULE .....	24
6. COGNIZANT PERSONS .....	25
7. REFERENCES .....	25
8. APPENDICES.....	26
8.1 LDEX Data Product Column Descriptions.....	26
8.2 XML Labels .....	38
8.2.1 Primary Housekeeping .....	38
8.2.2 Diagnostic (Secondary Housekeeping).....	52

<b>Ames Research Center Document</b>	<b>Title: LADEE (LDEX PDS Software Interface Specification)</b>
	<b>Rev.: E Date: 06/25/2015</b>

<b>8.2.3</b>	<b>Integrated</b> .....	<b>59</b>
<b>8.2.4</b>	<b>Impact</b> .....	<b>61</b>
<b>8.2.5</b>	<b>Wave</b> .....	<b>63</b>
<b>8.3</b>	<b>Current</b> .....	<b>66</b>
<b>8.3.1</b>	<b>Mass</b> .....	<b>69</b>



**ACRONYMS**

ADC	Analog to Digital Converter
CCLDAS	Colorado Center for Lunar Dust and Atmospheric Studies
DAWG	Data and Archives Working Group
DMAP	Data Management and Archive Plan
DN	Data Number
EOM	End of (LADEE) Mission
ICD	Interface Control Document
LADEE	Lunar Atmosphere and Dust Environment Explorer
LASP	Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics
LDEX	Lunar Dust Experiment
MCP	Microchannel Plate
OLAF	Online Archive Facility
PDS	Planetary Data System
SBN	Small Bodies Node
SIS	Software Interface Specification
SOC	Science Operation Center
SQL	Structured Query Language
TBD	To Be Determined

## **1. INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Purpose and Scope**

This document describes the format and the content of the Lunar Dust EXperiment (LDEX) products as archived in the Small Bodies Node in PDS. The data products stored in PDS are a subset of the holdings of the LDEX team database at the Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP) in Boulder, CO.

This SIS is intended to provide enough information to enable users to read and understand the LDEX data products as stored in PDS. The users for whom this SIS is intended are software developers of the programs used in generating the LDEX products and scientists who will analyze the data, including those associated with the LADEE mission and those in the general lunar science community.

### **1.2 Contents**

LDEX is an instrument on the LADEE spacecraft designed to study the lunar dust environment by measuring the physical properties of the particles impacting the instrument target during the mission [8]. This Data Product SIS describes how the LDEX instrument acquires its data and how the data are processed. This document specifically discusses the high-level data subset, which is stored in PDS.

### **1.3 Applicable Documents and Constraints**

1. Planetary Data System Standards Reference, JPL D-7669 part 2, version 4.0.6, October 8, 2012.
2. LADEE Project Data Management and Archive Plan, version 2.2, May, 2011.
3. LADEE LDEX PDS Interface Control Document, version 1.0 April, 24, 2012

### **1.4 Relationships with Other Interfaces**

The LDEX data products are stored in multiple locations according to the LADEE Project Data Management and Archive Plan (DMAP). The copy at LASP, stored in an SQL (Structured Query Language) relational database for rapid instrument team access, will be used by the LDEX science team to retrieve and process data for delivery to PDS as described by the LADEE LDEX PDS Interface Control Document.

## **2. MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT**

Data will be produced by the LDEX science team for submission to PDS. Data delivered to PDS will be managed and verified according to the LADEE LDEX PDS Interface Control Document and the PDS Standards Reference.

## **3. DATA PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS AND ENVIRONMENT**

### **3.1 Instrument Overview**

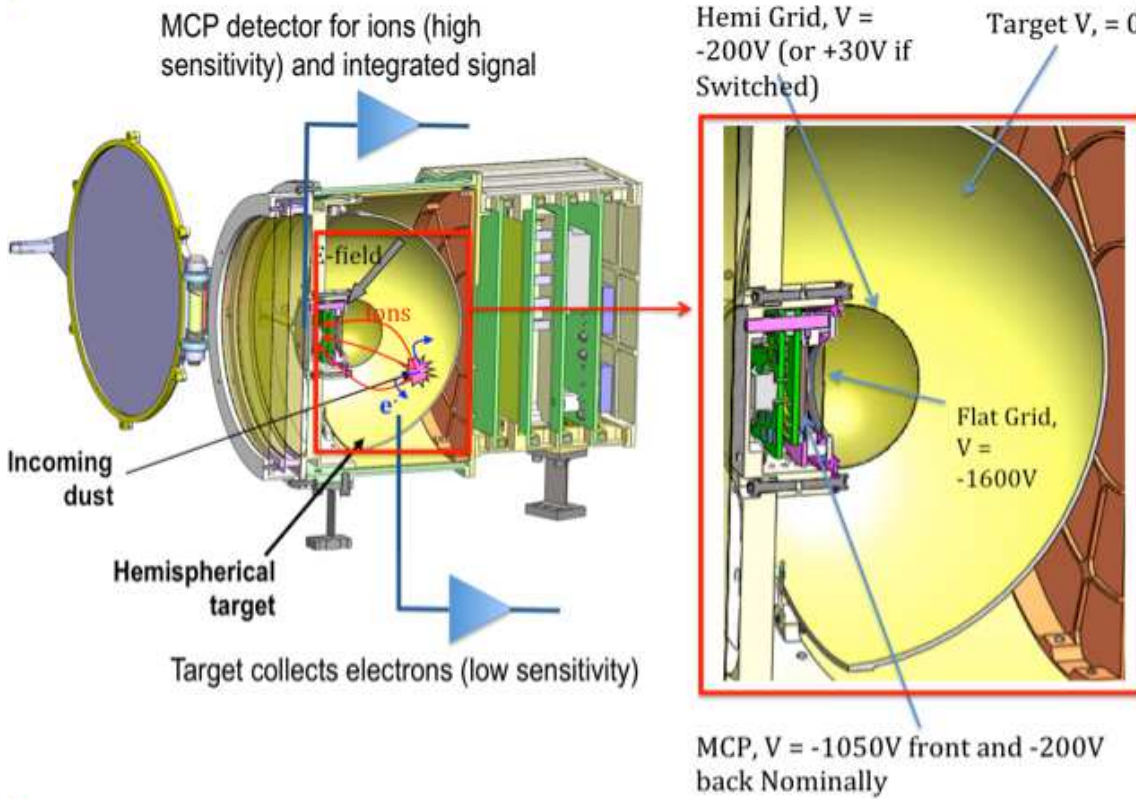
The Lunar Dust Experiment is an *in situ* instrument designed to characterize the dust exosphere by mapping the size and spatial distributions of dust grains in the lunar

environment as a function of local time and the position of the Moon with respect to the magnetosphere of the Earth [8]. LDEX will gauge the relative contributions of the two competing dust sources: a) ejecta production due to the continual bombardment of the Moon by interplanetary micrometeoroids [1], and b) lofting of small grains from the lunar surface due to plasma-induced near-surface electric fields [2].

LDEX is an impact ionization dust detector on the LADEE mission with a design based on the Heos 2 [3], Galileo and Ulysses [4], and Cassini [5] dust instruments. The LADEE spacecraft orbit is nearly circular at an altitude of 30-100 km above the lunar surface. For the  $\sim 1.67$  km/s impact speeds expected on this orbit, the LDEX threshold for measuring individual dust grains is approximately  $m = 9 \times 10^{-16}$  kg (radius  $r_g = 0.4 \mu\text{m}$  for olivine grains) as determined by the olivine calibration measurements performed with the instrument. LDEX will also measure the collective current due to the impact of grains below the threshold for individual detection, enabling the search for a significant population of grains with  $r_g \approx 0.1 \mu\text{m}$  over the terminators, indicated by visual observations of Apollo astronauts [6].

### **3.1.1 Impact Ionization Detectors**

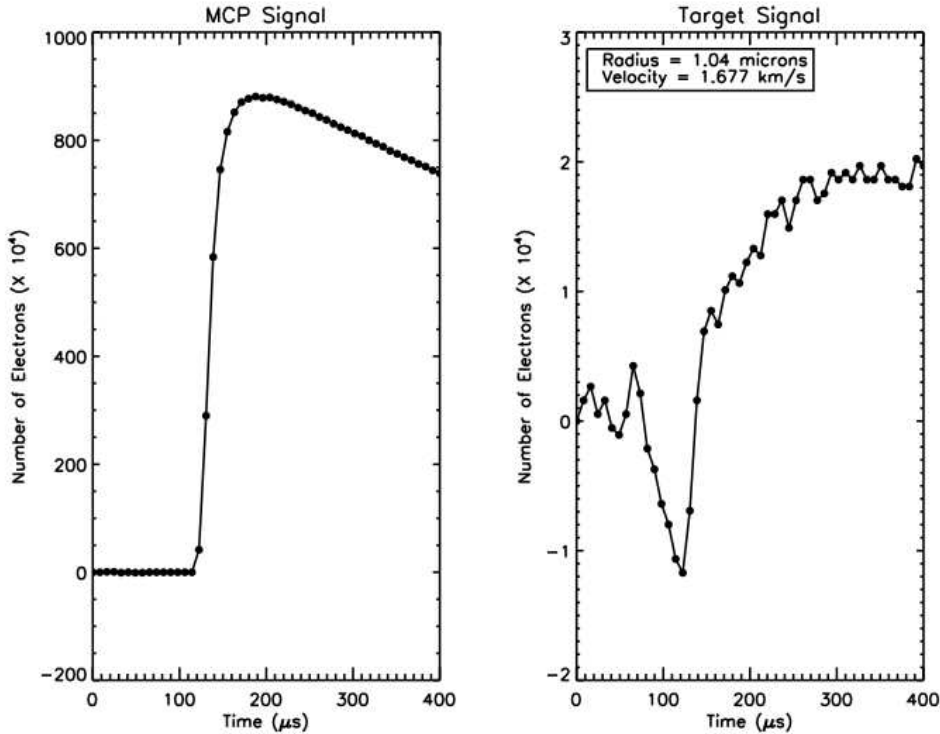
The instrument operation principle is depicted in Figure 1 [8]. A dust particle impacts the hemispherical target and generates a plasma cloud. The -200 V bias applied on the ion focusing grid creates a radial electric field and separates the electrons and ions. The electrons are collected on the target and measured by a charge sensitive amplifier. The ions are detected by the microchannel plate (MCP) behind the focusing grid. The MCP anode is connected to current-to-voltage (I/V) amplifiers to measure the current pulse of the impact. An event with a signal amplitude above the user defined threshold on the MCP channel will trigger data collection for both the target and MCP waveforms. The impact charge is obtained both from the target and the MCP signals independently. The mass and size of the dust particle are calculated from the impact charge using laboratory calibration data.



**Figure 1: LDEX instrument and operating principle.**

The amplitudes of valid waveforms are always stored for both the MCP and target. The cadence of storing full valid waveforms is a selectable parameter. Each waveform consists of 50 points at 8  $\mu\text{s}$  spacing with the trigger point nominally at 120  $\mu\text{s}$ . Figure 2 shows a sample target and MCP waveform recorded during calibration.

The dead time of the instrument is defined as any time that the processing logic is busy and cannot detect new impacts. The dead time is approximately 1 millisecond for each valid and invalid impact. This total of valid and invalid impact count can be found in the primary housekeeping data.



**Figure 2: Sample MCP and Target waveforms from a 1.04  $\mu\text{m}$  particle with a speed of 1.677 km/s. The dip in the target waveform from  $\sim 70 \mu\text{s}$  –  $120 \mu\text{s}$  is due to the image charge created by the incoming particle.**

### 3.1.2 Charge Integration Detector

Besides individual impact detection, LDEX can identify a large population of small ( $r_g < 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ ) dust grains with a separate mode of detection [8]. LDEX integrates the MCP signal with a nominal cadence of 0.1 s to measure the cumulative charge collected from small dust impacts. The cumulative charge signal is expected to rise over the terminator region if a significant distribution of small particles is present.

The noise background (e.g. UV, energetic particles, etc.) is measured every 10 s and will be used to correct the measurements during data analysis. With 0.1 Hz frequency, the bias on the ion focusing grid is switched from -200 V to +30 V for a duration of 1 sec. The positive bias stops all dust impact generated ions and the MCP signal is solely due to background noise.

### 3.1.3 HV Screens

The LDEX instrument has three high voltage components in addition to the MCP. There is a solar wind screen nominally at -200V at the entrance of the instrument. This screen is between two additional grounded screens resulting in three screens at the entrance aperture. Each of these screens is 90% transmissive yielding a transmission of about 67% for these screens. There is a hemispherical shaped grid just in front of the MCP that the ions must pass through before reaching the MCP. This is nominally at -200V but can be switched to +30V to reject impact plasma ions and record the background signal. This is typically switched for 1 second every 10 seconds. Finally there is a flat grid just in

front of the MCP at -1600V. This is used to focus the plasma-induced ions into the MCP [8].

### 3.1.4 Calibration

The LDEX flight and engineering models (FM and EM) were constructed and tested at the Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP), and calibrated at the Institute for Modeling Plasma, Atmospheres, and Cosmic Dust (IMPACT) dust accelerator at the University of Colorado [7]. To calibrate the instrument, LDEX was bombarded by submicron olivine (density = 3.32 g/cm<sup>3</sup>) dust particles in the range of masses  $5 \times 10^{-18} \leq m \leq 6 \times 10^{-14}$  kg and speeds from  $0.9 \leq v \leq 39$  km/s. Figure 2 shows the impact signal induced by a 1.04 μm particle at a speed of 1.677 km/s. The IMPACT experiments confirmed that for a velocity of 1.67 km/s, the ion charge yield,  $q_i$ , is related to the mass by  $q_i/m \approx 1.18$  C/kg, in agreement with expectations [3].

It was discovered during the EM and FM testing that there were sometimes errors in correlating a dust particle to an LDEX event. Because of this issue, the engineering model was retrofitted with a trigger out that fired when LDEX received a valid signal. This mechanism led to fewer mismatches and a calibration curve with less error. Because the only differences in the EM and the FM are the gains in electronics and MCP, the calibration curve taken with the retrofitted EM is the curve used for the final calibration presented here. All other information (electronics values, gain calculations, etc...) given in this document is for the FM.

#### 3.1.4.1 Single Event Detection

Before impact, if an incoming particle has sufficient charge, the target CSA measures the induced image charge on the target due to the approaching particle. The impact occurs at the sharp minimum followed by the collection of electrons from the impact plasma. The impact signal is first steep and then increases gradually. The steep part is due to the charge released by the primary impact, while the gradual part is due to the charge released by impacts of fragments of dust generated upon the primary impact. The MCP measures the current of the ions reaching the detector. The MCP and target channels use a CSA with the following conversion functions from voltage,  $V$ , to charge,  $q$ , which depends on the effective feedback capacitances:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Target} : q_t &= V_{igt} * 4.2 \times 10^{-12} \\ \text{MCP} : q_m &= V_{mcp} * 6.2 \times 10^{-11}. \end{aligned}$$

Where  $q_m$  is the charge measurement from the MCP (due to plasma ions) and  $q_t$  is the charge from the target (due to plasma electrons) [8]. For the MCP, this is the charge after the MCP gain,  $g_{mcp}$ , discussed below. Knowing that the plasma is quasi-neutral, the ion impact charge,  $q_i$ , the electron impact charge,  $q_e$ , and the measured charges,  $q_t$  and  $q_m$ , are related by:

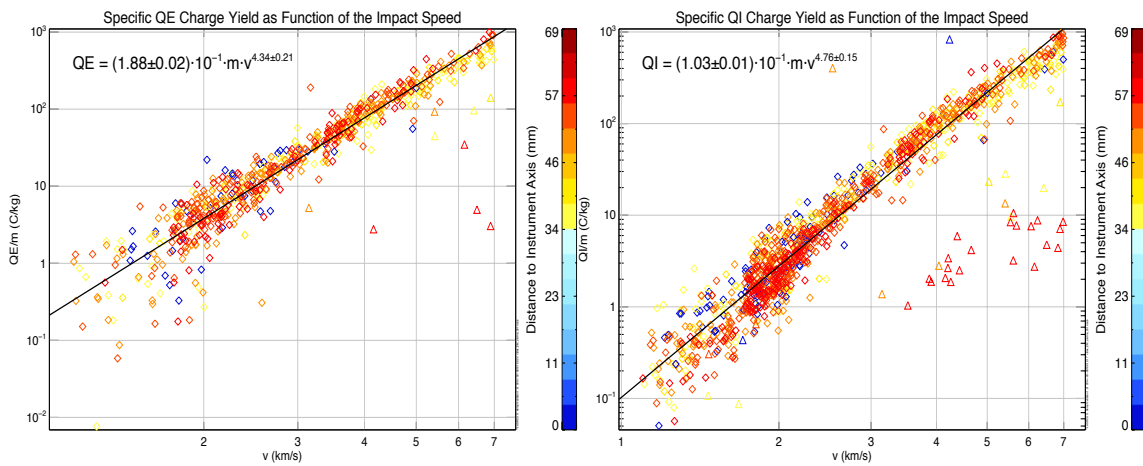
$$|q_m| / g_{mcp} = |q_t| = |q_i| = |q_e|.$$

With the amplitude of the signals reported by LDEX,  $q$ , and the mass and velocity of the

impactor reported by the accelerator,  $m$  and  $v$  respectively, a calibration curve for  $m(q,v)$  can be established. A fit is performed on each waveform to determine the impact charge, described in reference [8]. This is done for both the ion,  $q_i$ , and electron,  $q_e$ , signals. In theory these two curves are identical, but in reality the calibration yielded slightly different curves for each. This calibration curve was measured over a range of temperatures and radial positions. Figure 3 shows the calibration curve at 20° C for a variety of impact positions where  $m_i$  and  $m_e$  are the mass calculation from the ion and electron measurements respectively:

$$q_i = (0.103 \pm 0.001) * m_i * v^{4.76 \pm 0.15}$$

$$q_e = (0.188 \pm 0.002) * m_e * v^{4.34 \pm 0.21}$$



**Figure 3: Data and fit for the ion measurement on the MCP. These tests were at room temperature with an 850V MCP bias, and a position of 2.54 cm from the center of the target. Triangles are data points that were outliers in some fashion (typically the reason was a large discrepancy between the measured charge by the pickup tube and the instrument measured image charge) and were excluded from the calibration. Diamonds were data points used in the calibration curve.**

where  $m_i$  and  $m_e$  are the mass calculations from the ion and electron measurements respectively.

Note, there will inherently be a non-zero number of false triggers, leading to waveform pairs which do not correspond to dust impacts. A quality flag is assigned to each waveform with the following scheme:

Quality Flag	Description
5	Dust impact with image charge.
4	Dust impact.
3	Dust impact candidate.
2	Noise Candidate.
1	Noise.
-1	Noise manually tagged due to plasma events when pointed at sun.
-2	Noise manually tagged due to plasma events.

**Table 1: Quality Flag Descriptions.**

### **3.1.4.1.1 Temperature Effects**

It was shown during testing that there is no measurable temperature dependence over the temperatures expected in orbit (-20 to +35 °C).

### **3.1.4.1.2 Radial Position Effects**

Because LDEX does not have a position sensing measurement, the target impact position is unknown. However, as shown in Figure 3, there is no clear dependence on the radial position and any uncertainty in this measurement must be included in the mass error given in the  $q_i$  and  $q_e$  equations above.

### **3.1.4.1.3 MCP Gain v.s. MCP Bias Voltage**

The bias voltage across the MCP affects the MCP gain and is a selectable parameter from 680 to 940 Volts. If the gain is changed in orbit, this will affect the calibration curve by adding a scale factor to the charge measured. Nominally, at 850 V, there is no scale factor. Note that this does not affect the charge generated by the target.

This gain of the MCP,  $g_{mcp}$ , as a function of the voltage across the MCP,  $\Delta V$ , is equal to:

$$g_{mcp} = -21005.477 + 86.248555 * \Delta V - 0.1188874 * \Delta V^2 + 5.5170029e-05 * \Delta V^3.$$

This equation has been calibrated over the range of  $\Delta V = 680 - 940$  Volts (the range of possible LDEX MCP voltages). This gain is the ratio electrons out of the MCP to ions produced in the impact plasma. This gain takes into account such things as ions lost to imperfect focusing into the MCP, ion to electron conversion at the MCP, the transmission of the hemispherical and flat grids in front of the MCP, and the avalanche gain from the MCP itself. The electrons out of the MCP then pass through the electronics chain, which is not included in this equation.

### **3.1.4.2 Integration Channel**

The integration calibration consists of determining the number of electrons detected at the MCP for each integration period before amplification, in order to measure the collective effect of many small grains incident on LDEX [8]. This calibration requires converting the voltage measured across a capacitor in the integrator circuit every sample period into the total number of electrons stored in that capacitor. This number must then be multiplied by the appropriate factor as shown in the equation for  $I_{\text{impact}}$  below to take MCP amplification into account and determine total number of ions originally incident on the MCP before amplification.

Once every 10 seconds for a duration of 1 second, the electric field is inverted such that all ions are rejected from the MCP. This will give a background for the integration measurement. This background is subtracted to give dust current due to impacts. Figure 4 shows a raw sample signal from this channel. The black crosses are the nominal signals due to all effects, including dust. Blue diamonds show the noise floor to be subtracted. The red x's show periods where voltage switching occurs and are removed in



the processing routines. For this period, the average of 49 black points to the left of the blue points and 49 points to the right of the blue points would be used for the signal (~0.31Volts here). The 8 blue points would be averaged for the background (~0.14Volts here). This would yield a delta (current signal) of  $(0.31-0.14) = 0.17$  Volts before charge conversion.

Note, on occasion the dust current (the difference between the integrated signal and the background signal) will be negative. This typically occurs just before LDEX exits the lunar wake where it can receive a large flux of wake-filling plasma. In this region, LDEX measures a current that is highly oscillatory, with periods that can be less than 10 seconds. This can result in a background signal higher than the total signal due to the rapid oscillations.

The purpose of the integration channel is to measure the change in the flux of small particles. The calibrated data for this channel is reported as a current. To report as an integrated mass, the sizes of the particles need to be assumed. For this reason, and since the current is sufficient to accomplish the goal of the integrator, it was decided that these mass assumptions are better left to higher level data processing. The current for the integration channel,  $I_{\text{impact}}$ , can be determined by the equation:

$$I_{\text{impact}} = 6.211 \times 10^{-11} * V_{\text{int}} / (\Delta t * g_{\text{mcp}}),$$

where  $V_{\text{int}}$  is the voltage signal from the integrator,  $g_{\text{mcp}}$  is the gain of the MCP discussed above and  $\Delta t$  is the integration time. The constant  $6.211 \times 10^{-11}$  is determined by the electronics of the integrator circuit. Note that for scientific analysis, the background (described above) also needs to be taken into consideration, and is not included in this equation. However, the same conversion equation holds for those background measurements.

It should be noted that the nominal baseline voltage (i.e. the zero signal voltage) of the integrator is a function of temperature. This voltage is:

$$V_{\text{baseline}} = 0.10908620 + 0.00044400417 * T + 2.5579423E-06 * T^2$$

Where  $T$  is temperature and  $V_{\text{baseline}}$  is the voltage with no signal. Since the current is the difference measurement of signal (-200V unswitched state) to background (+30V switched state), this gets subtracted out as both signal and background have this same effect.

### 3.1.4.3 Raw to Reduced Conversions

The data stored in PDS will be the reduced and calibrated data. The reduced data with physical units is produced from the raw data (DN) with polynomial conversions determined by the ADC. These conversions will be handled by the LDEX team and are shown in Table 1.

**Table 1: Conversion from Raw to Reduced Data where applicable.**

Item Name (See Appendix A)	Calibration Curve
Impact_Peak_MCP Impact_Peak_Target MCP_Signal Target_Signal Last_MCP_Signal Last_Tgt_Signal	$V = .000076296273689993 * DN$
Integrator_Z_Lvl Integrator_S_Lvl Impact_Lvl Integrate_MCP_Sample	$V = .00004768372 * DN$
HV_Adjust	$V = -1049.72 - 9.5870 * DN$
Controller_Temp LVPS_Temp	$T = -6.855E-12 * DN^3 + 3.7054E-7 * DN^2 - 9.5147E-3 * DN + 111.5$
P3_3V_Mon	$V = 2.022E-4 * DN$
P5V_Mon M5V_Mon Grnd_V_Mon	$V = 3.83E-4 * DN$
W_Screen_V_Mon MCP_Low_V_Mon MCP_High_V_Mon Flat_Grid_V_Mon Hemi_Grid_V_Mon	$V = -DN * 7.645 - 2$
FED_Temp HVPS_Temp MCP_Temp	$T = -3.0876E-29 * DN^7 - 2.11E-24 * DN^6 - 3.6499E-20 * DN^5 + 2.0062E-16 * DN^4 + 6.5635E-12 * DN^3 - 4.6992E-8 * DN^2 - 2.0053E-3 * DN + 25.003$

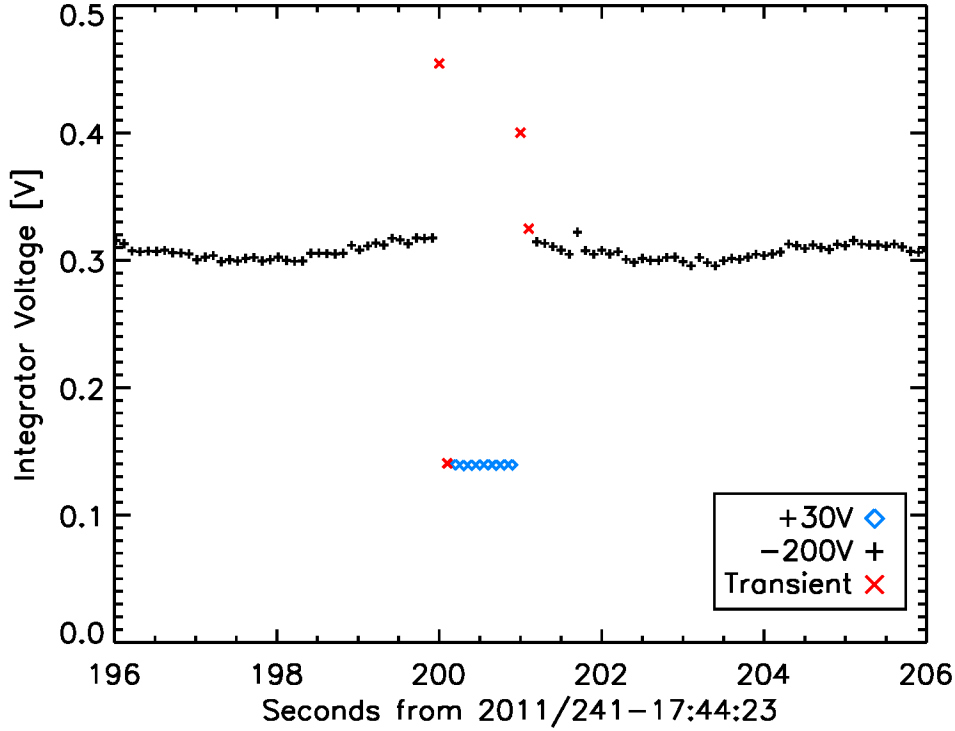


Figure 4: Sample integration channel data similar to that expected on orbit. The black crosses are nominal data. The blue diamonds show when a switched period occurs, rejecting all ions. The red x's are due to transient effects from switching.

### 3.2 Dust Density Calculation

LDEX measures the number of impacts in a given time for grains of various masses and impact velocities. In order to determine the number density  $n$  of grains LDEX is detecting, the sensitive area and impact speed of each grain must be accounted for. The desired quantity is the number density of grains between mass range  $m$  and  $m+dm$ , velocity range  $v$  and  $v+dv$ , and altitude range  $h$  and  $h+dh$ , given by  $n(m_d, v_d, h)$ . The number of grains LDEX detects in time interval  $dt$  is given by

$$dN(m_d, v_d, h, t) = n(m_d, v_d, h, t) \mathbf{A}((\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}, t) \cdot (\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d) dt$$

where  $\mathbf{n}$  is the unit normal vector and  $\mathbf{A}$  is the effective area multiplied by  $\mathbf{n}$ . Assuming the number density does not vary with time and that all grains are impacting LDEX with a velocity vector parallel to the area normal vector, the total number of impacts over a time interval  $[t_1, t_2]$  is found by integration,

$$\begin{aligned}
 N(m_d, v_d, h) &= \int_{t_1}^{t_2} dN(m_d, v_d, h, t) \\
 &= \int_{t_1}^{t_2} n(m_d, v_d, h) A((\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}, t) |\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d| dt \\
 &= n(m_d, v_d, h) \int_{t_1}^{t_2} A((\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}, t) |\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d| dt
 \end{aligned}$$

Solving for the number density,

$$n(m_d, v_d, h) = \frac{N(m_d, v_d, h)}{\int_{t_1}^{t_2} A((\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{n}}, t) |\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_d| dt}$$

The derived data product gives this density, averaged over the entire mission, as a function of local time and altitude. The dust grains are assumed to be ejected at normal incidence from the surface and detected at their vertical turning points, such that their impact velocity is the LADEE spacecraft velocity with respect to the Moon. Error is calculated assuming simple counting statistics: error =  $n/\sqrt{N}$ . For a more detailed analysis on the additional error introduced by the simplifications made, see Methods in [9].

Densities are only calculated and given for local times during which LDEX did not have the sun in the field of view, excluding 12:00 to 18:00 local time. Additionally, the derived data product gives cumulative densities for radii greater than 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$ . The minimum detectable mass is determined by the LDEX impact velocity and the sensitivity of the electronics. Throughout the mission, the LDEX minimum detectable dust particle radius was below 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$ . Particles with radii above this threshold gave well formed ion signals and therefore a cut of 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$  is chosen by the LDEX team for analysis [9].

### 3.3 Data Products

This document uses the LADEE data definitions for all products. These data have been reviewed and accepted by PDS to comply with anticipated PDS 4 standards. LDEX will deliver both raw and calibrated data to PDS as defined in the LADEE definitions table, Table 2, and delineated in Table 3.

**Table 2: LADEE Data Processing Levels**

Product	Product Description
Packet Data	Telemetry data stream as received at the ground station, with science and engineering data embedded.
Raw	Original data from an instrument. If compression, reformatting, packetization or other translation has been applied to facilitate data transmission or storage, those processes will be reversed so that the archived data are in a PDS approved archive format.
Reduced	Data that have been processed beyond the raw stage but which are not yet entirely independent of the instrument.
Calibrated	Data converted to physical units entirely independent of the instrument.
Derived	Results that have been distilled from one or more calibrated data products (for example, maps, gravity or magnetic fields, or ring particle size distributions). Supplementary data, such as calibration tables or tables of viewing geometry, used to interpret observational data should also be classified as derived data if not easily matched to one of the other three categories

### 3.3.1 LDEX Product Definitions

All LDEX products delivered to the PDS are in tabular format with space-delimited columns. These products are described in Table 3. Deliveries will be made to PDS in accordance with the schedule defined in the LADEE LDEX PDS Interface Control Document

Product Name	Description	Estimated File (B = Bytes)	Processing Level
Impacts	Amplitudes of individual impacts	1GB	Reduced
Integrated	Samples of integrated voltages from MCP	2GB	Reduced
Wave	Waveforms of individual impacts	2GB	Reduced
Diagnostic	Secondary housekeeping telemetry	5MB	Calibrated
Primary Housekeeping	Primary housekeeping telemetry	1GB	Calibrated
Mass	Calibrated mass of each impact	2GB	Calibrated
Current	Integrated current from MCP	4GB	Calibrated
Density	Derived exospheric lunar dust density	1kB	Derived

**Table 3: Data Definitions For LDEX.**

### 3.3.2 Data Product Detailed Description and Format

See Appendix A for the format and content description of the archived data products.

### 3.3.3 Data Products Generation

All data products and associated documentation will be generated by the LDEX team. The PDS SBN will assist in the definition and development of first delivery products and their associated PDS documentation, which will act as templates for subsequent updates. When new products are developed by the LDEX team, PDS SBN will likewise assist in the definition and development of those products and their associated PDS documentation in preparation for their initial delivery.

### 3.3.4 Data Validation

Data content validation will be performed by the LDEX science team prior to delivery to PDS. Data structure and format will be performed by the LDEX science team and the PDS data review team as described in Section 4.3.

## **4. ARCHIVE COLLECTION**

### **4.1 Generation**

The LDEX Data Product Archive Collection and its updates are produced by the LDEX Instrument Team in cooperation with the Small Bodies Node (SBN) of PDS. The Archive Collection will include data acquired during both the commissioning and science phases. The Small Bodies Node and LDEX will collaborate to design the PDS documentation files associated with the initial data delivery by the LDEX team. All data formats are based on the Planetary Data System standards as documented in the PDS Standards Reference.

### **4.2 Data Transfer**

The LDEX team will submit data to PDS via the OnLine Archive Facility (OLAF). This submission tool is a product of the Small Bodies Node of PDS to help facilitate the exchange of data and will be maintained by SBN. The LDEX and SBN teams will work together in the submission via OLAF to ensure a product meeting the requirements of PDS.

### **4.3 Review and Revision**

The Small Bodies Node is responsible for organizing the Peer Review of the LDEX data sets, according to PDS policy. The Peer Review Committee will include a small number of scientists, selected by SBN and from outside the LDEX Team, who have an interest in the anticipated data products. The Peer Review committee will also include LDEX Team members and Small Bodies Node representatives.

For LDEX there will be two such reviews. There will be a pre-launch review approximately 6 months from launch. This review will contain sample data and documentation in the format of the final archived data set. This sample data will be produced by the flight instrument pre-launch and will differ in the final data set only in specific values and size. Data format and archive method will be the equivalent.

There will be a final review within 6 weeks after the end of mission (EOM). This review will include all the data produced by LDEX from the beginning of the commissioning phase through the first 20 days of the science phase. Three months after EOM, LDEX will deliver the final data set for archive.

### **4.4 Data Volume Architecture**

The complete set of LADEE LDEX data will be archived in PDS in a single bundle in the PDS4 standard. In the outline below, each .tab, .txt, and .pdf file is assumed to have an .xml label file with the same filename base, which is not mentioned in the outline. Other types of xml labels are mentioned explicitly. In all data product filenames below, multiple products for each product type are represented by a general filename with an X

denoting the product timestamp. \*Secondary members of the LDEX bundle are indicated by an asterisk.

### **Root Level of LDEX Bundle**

bundle\_ladee\_ldex.xml - bundle label, including inventory for the bundle  
readme.txt - bundle description

**Context Collection** – contains mission, spacecraft, instrument, and other context objects. These context objects refer to the full descriptions in the document collection. X is a placeholder for the version number of the file.

/context

collection\_ldex\_context.xml - label of context collection  
collection\_ldex\_context\_inventory.tab - inventory of context collection  
\*instrument\_host\_ladee\_X.xml - LADEE spacecraft context object  
\*instrument\_ldex\_X.xml - LDEX instrument context object  
\*investigation\_ladee\_X.xml - LADEE mission context object  
\*pds4\_target\_moon\_X.xml - Moon target context object  
\*pds4\_target\_dust\_X.xml - Dust target context object

**Calibrated Data Collection** – contains all calibrated data products and their labels. X is a placeholder for the timestamp of the data file.

/data\_calibrated

collection\_ldex\_data\_calibrated.xml - label of calibrated data collection  
collection\_ldex\_data\_calibrated\_inventory.tab - inventory of calibrated data collection  
current/current\_X.tab - calibrated current tables  
mass/mass\_X.tab - calibrated mass tables

**Housekeeping Data Collection** – contains all housekeeping products and their labels. X is a placeholder for the timestamp of the data file.

/data\_housekeeping

collection\_ldex\_data\_housekeeping.xml - inventory of housekeeping data collection  
collection\_ldex\_data\_housekeeping\_inventory.tab - inventory of housekeeping data collection  
housekeeping/housekeeping\_X.tab - primary housekeeping table  
diagnostic/diagnostic\_X.tab - secondary (diagnostic) housekeeping table

**Reduced Data Collection** – contains all reduced data products and their labels. X is a placeholder for the timestamp of the data file.

/data\_reduced

collection\_ldex\_data\_reduced.xml - inventory of reduced data collection  
collection\_ldex\_data\_reduced\_inventory.tab - inventory of reduced data collection  
impact/impact\_X.tab - amplitudes of individual impacts

**Derived Data Collection** – contains all derived data products and their labels.

/data\_derived

collection\_ldex\_data\_derived.xml - inventory of derived data collection

collection\_ldex\_data\_derived\_inventory.tab - inventory of derived data collection

ldex\_ltden\_pds\_derived.tab - derived dust density

**Document Collection** – contains documents relevant to the bundle and their labels. Note that the LDEX instrument description and the calibration description are contained in the LDEX SIS rather than in separate documents.

/document

collection\_ldex\_document.xml - inventory of document collection

collection\_ldex\_document\_inventory.tab - inventory of document collection

LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) (ldex\_pds\_sis\_revX.pdf)

\*LADEE Spacecraft Description (ladee\_spacecraft\_revX.pdf)

\*LADEE Mission Description (ladee\_mission\_revX.pdf)

Reference list (ref.txt)

**Schema Collection** - contains the schemas used in the bundle

/xml\_schema

collection\_ldex\_xml\_schema.xml - label of schema collection

collection\_ldex\_xml\_schema\_inventory.tab - inventory of schema collection

\*PDS4\_PDS\_1101.sch - Main PDS schematron -- defines valid element values and other semantic constraints for PDS4

\*PDS4\_PDS\_1101.xsd - Main PDS schema -- defines the element structure for PDS4

\*PDS4\_PDS\_1101.xml - Label for main PDS schematron and schema

PDS4\_SBN\_1101.xsd - SBN PDS schema -- defines the structure for elements specific to SBN

PDS4\_SBN\_1101.xml - Label for the SBN PDS schema

## 5. ARCHIVE RELEASE SCHEDULE

Figure 5 shows the delivery schedule in reference to the mission timeline. Three months from EOM, the final dataset with liens resolved will be delivered.



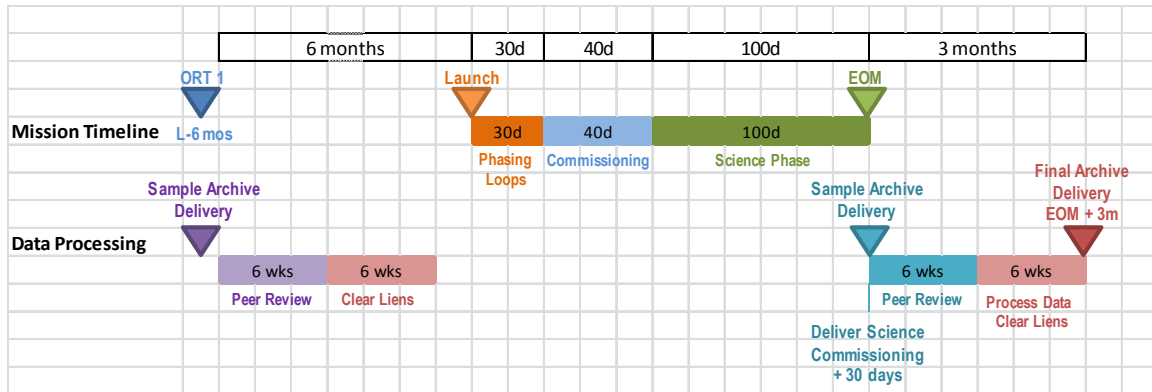


Figure 5: Data processing timeline against mission events and milestones.

## 6. COGNIZANT PERSONS

Table 4: Cognazant Persons for LDEX PDS Data

LDEX Team		
Principle Investigator, <b>Dr. Mihaly Horanyi</b>	Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics University of Colorado 1234 Innovation Drive Boulder, CO 80303	303 492-6903  mihaly.horanyi@lasp.colorado.edu
LDEX Calibration Engineer <b>Dr. David James</b>	Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics University of Colorado 1234 Innovation Drive Boulder, CO 80303	303 492-9447  david.james@lasp.colorado.edu
LDEX Science Support <b>Mr. Jamey Szalay</b>	Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics University of Colorado 1234 Innovation Drive Boulder, CO 80303	303 735-4177  jamey.szalay@lasp.colorado.edu
PDS Small Bodies Node		
PDS Small Bodies Node Archiving <b>Dr. Carol Neese</b>	Planetary Science Institute 1700 East Ft. Lowell, Suite 106 Tucson, AZ 85719-2395	520 382-0591  neese@psi.edu
PDS Engineering Node		
PDS LADEE Data Engineer <b>Dr. Richard Chen</b>	4800 Oak Grove Dr m.s. T1721 Pasadena, CA 91109	818 354-1259  richard.l.chen@jpl.nasa.gov

## 7. REFERENCES

- [1] Kruger *et al.*, Detection of an impact-generated dust cloud around Ganymede, *Nature*, **339**, 1999
- [2] Criswell, D.R. Horizon-glow and the motion of lunar dust, *Photon and Particle Interactions with Surfaces in Space*, *D. Reidel Publishing Co.*, pp. 545-556, 1973.
- [3] Dietzel *et al.*, The HEOS 2 and HELIOS micrometeoroid experiments, *J. Phys. E. Sci. Instr.*, 6 (1973)

[4] E. Grun *et al.*, The Galileo Dust Detector, *Space Sci. Rev.* **60**, 317 (1992)  
 [5] R. Srama *et al.*, The Cassini Cosmic Dust Analyzer, *Space Sci. Rev.* **114**, 465 (2004).  
 [6] McCoy, *Proc. Lunar. Sci. Conf.* 7<sup>th</sup>, 1976  
 [7] A. Shu *et al.*, 3MV hypervelocity dust accelerator at the Colorado Center for Lunar Dust and Atmospheric Studies, *Rev. Sci. Instrum.*, **83**, 075108 (2012)  
 [8] M. Horanyi *et al.*, The Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) onboard the Lunar Atmosphere and Dust Environment Explorer (LADEE) Mission, *Space Sci. Rev.*, **185** (1-4), 93-113, doi:10.1007/s11214-014-0118-7  
 [9] M. Horanyi *et al.*, A permanent, asymmetric dust cloud around the Moon, *Nature*, **522** (7556), doi:10.1038/nature14479

## 8. APPENDICES

### 8.1 LDEX Data Product Column Descriptions

This table contains the impacts recorded during a user selectable duration. It includes impacts recorded on both the target and MCP.

**Table 5: LDEX Impact Data (Reduced)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Packet Time	1	A21		UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)
2	Impact_Peak_MCP	28	F09.6	Volt	Peak value of MCP signal for impact (Volt) The Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled every 8 us. If the signal crosses a programmable threshold, an impact detection algorithm will be performed to determine if the event was caused by a dust impact. If the MCP signal meets the necessary conditions for a dust impact including rise time, peak duration, and sum to peak ratio, the peak amplitude of the MCP signal level will be stored. See reference [8] for details.
3	Impact_Peak_Target	38	F09.6	Volt	Peak value of Target signal for impact (Volt). If the MCP signal has met the dust impact requirements described in the Impact Peak MCP description, the peak amplitude of the Target signal will be stored.
4	HV_Adjust	48	F5.1	Volt	MCP HV adjustment value (Volt)

The reduced integrated table contains the measurements recorded by the integrator for each period that the high voltage is turned on. The integration time is user selected and is nominally 100ms. The integrator is zeroed at the beginning of each sample.

**Table 6: LDEX Integrated Table (Reduced)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Packet Time	1	A21		UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)
2	Integrated_MCP_Sample	28	F09.6	Volt	Integrated dust samples (Volts). The Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled at a programmable rate with a default of 100 ms. This measurement takes two samples of the MCP each cycle to perform a correlated double sample. The first one is taken 1 ms after the start of the sample period to establish the zero level for the channel. The second one is taken after the programmed sample period has expired. The difference of the two is the measurement of the integrated low-level dust impinging on the instrument and is given in the Integrated Dust Samples.
3	Sample_Period	38	F5.3	Seconds	Period of samples (seconds). The sample period is a programmable period which can have a value of 0-255 seconds.
4	HV_Status	44	I1		0=High Voltage is off, 1=High Voltage is on.
5	Grid_Status	46	I1		0= Grid voltage is +30V, 1= Grid voltage is -200V. Switching the Grid voltage to +30V has the effect of any ions from the MCP, preventing dust impacts from registering on the MCP. Sampling when the Grid is switched is a way get a noise floor measurement for the electronics that can be used to correct the integrated dust measurement on the ground.

The wave packet stored by LDEX contains voltages from the MCP and target. When triggered (by rising above the threshold), the FPGA begins recording voltages from both the MCP and target in 8 microsecond intervals for 50 samples resulting in a 400 microsecond waveform. The two are recorded simultaneously. Because the instrument/spacecraft do not have the data volume to store all waveforms, the waveforms are stored at a specific cadence. The decimation factor (found in the diagnostic packet) determines this cadence that the full waveform is stored in the packet. A decimation factor of 1 means all waveforms are stored on a FIFO basis.

**Table 7: LDEX Wave Table (Reduced)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Packet Time	1	A21		UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)
2	MCP_Signal	28	F09.6	Volt	50 Samples of MCP Signal. The Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled every 8 us. If the signal crosses a programmable threshold, an impact detection algorithm will be performed to determine if the event was caused by a dust impact. If the MCP signal meets the necessary conditions for a dust impact including rise time, peak duration, and sum to peak ratio, then, 15 samples before the threshold crossing and 35 samples after the threshold crossing will be stored.
3	Target_Signal	528	F09.6	Volt	50 Samples of Target Signal. The hemispherical Target is sampled every 8 us. If the MCP signal meets the necessary dust impact requirements and 50 samples are stored as described in the MCP Signal description, 50 samples of the Target signal will also be stored.
4	Valid	1028	I1		0=invalid dust impact, 1=valid impact. If the MCP signal crosses the programmable threshold but fails the impact detection criteria, the event will be flagged as an invalid dust impact. Invalid dust impact waveforms will be stored at a programmable cadence.
5	HV_Adjust	1030	F5.1	Volt	MCP High Voltage adjustment value.
6	Noise_Status	1036	I1		1=Packet contains requested noise data. A test interface has been built into the software to allow for noise testing during instrument development and integration which will allow for 1000 samples the MCP and Target channels to be stored in 20 packets. These packets will be flagged as noise data.

This is the calibrated current from the integrator channel of LDEX. This integrator collects cumulative charge from the MCP.

**Table 8: LDEX Current Table (Calibrated)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Time	1	A21		Time of integrated signal measurement in UTC.
2	Current	28	E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Integrated current collect by the MCP. Background noise has been subtracted from these measurements.
3	Std_Current	38	E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Standard deviation in the current measurement.
4	Signal	43	E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Current measured for the 98 points during the non-switched period (-200V)
5	Std_Signal		E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Standard deviation in the signal measurement.
6	Background		E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Current measured for the 8 points during the switched period (+30V)
7	Std_Background	53	E9.3	Elementary Charge per Second	Standard deviation in the background measurement.

This is the mass of each recorded event on the LDEX MCP.

**Table 9: LDEX Mass Table (Calibrated)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Time	1	A21		Time of impact in UTC.
2	Mass	23	E9.3	kilogram	Calibrated mass of impacting dust grain. This is always derived from the MCP signal amplitude, unless the MCP signal saturates. In this case, it is derived from the target signal.
3	MCP_Charge	33	E9.3	Coulomb	Impact plasma charge from MCP. This value includes the MCP gain.
4	Target_Charge	43	E9.3	Coulomb	Impact plasma charge as measured by the target.
5	Img_Charge	53	E7.1	Coulomb	Image charge from charged dust grain induced on the target. Most dust particles don't have an image charge resulting in a zero value for this column.
6	Velocity	61	E5.3	km/s	Impacting velocity of incident dust grain assuming ballistic orbits.
7	Mass_Threshold	67	E9.3	kilogram	Lowest mass of dust grain possible for LDEX to observe given current settings.
8	Mass_Sig	77	E9.3	kilogram	Uncertainty of the mass. This is calculated from propagation of the uncertainty in the fit parameters and measured charge.
9	Saturated	87	I08		0 = Neither Target or MCP saturated 1 = MCP saturated 2 = Target saturated 3 = Both Target and MCP saturated
10	Quality		I08		Quality flag used by the LDEX team to determine reliability of an individual impact. For a detailed description see "Classification of Impact Events" in reference [8].

This is the derived lunar dust density.

**Table 10: LDEX Density Table (Derived)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Altitude	1	F5.1	KM	The altitude above the lunar surface.
2	Density_0000_LT	7	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 00:00 local time.
3	Error_0000_LT	16	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 00:00 local time.
4	Density_0130_LT	25	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 01:30 local time.
5	Error_0130_LT	34	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 01:30 local time.
6	Density_0300_LT	43	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 03:00 local time.
7	Error_0300_LT	52	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 03:00 local time.

8	Density_0430_LT	61	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 04:30 local time.
9	Error_0430_LT	70	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 04:30 local time.
10	Density_0600_LT	79	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 06:00 local time.
11	Error_0600_LT	88	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 06:00 local time.
12	Density_0730_LT	97	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 07:30 local time.
13	Error_0730_LT	106	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 07:30 local time.
14	Density_0900_LT	115	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 09:00 local time.
15	Error_0900_LT	124	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 09:00 local time.
16	Density_1030_LT	133	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 10:30 local time.
17	Error_1030_LT	142	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 10:30 local time.
18	Density_1930_LT	151	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 19:30 local time.
19	Error_1930_LT	160	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 19:30 local time.
20	Density_2100_LT	169	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 21:00 local time.
21	Error_2100_LT	178	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 21:00 local time.
22	Density_2230_LT	187	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density at 22:30 local time.
23	Error_2230_LT	196	E8.2	m <sup>-3</sup>	The lunar dust density error at 22:30 local time.

This is the LDEX data relating to diagnostic information from LDEX. This packet is stored only when commanded and contains telemetry related to the state of the instrument. Because the LDEX nominal state was fixed relatively early in the mission, the requested diagnostic packet is often the same containing data for this nominal state.

**Table 11: LDEX Diagnostic Table (Secondary Housekeeping)**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Packet Time	1	A21		Time the diagnostic information was packetized and sent to the spacecraft.
2	MCP_Low_V	28	E013.6	Volt	Commanded MCP low-side voltage.
3	HV_CLK_Delay	42	I03	40_nanosecond	Number of 40 ns periods to delay the HV clock.
4	Science_WO_HV	49	I02		Instrument is configured to output science regardless of HV enable state. Values: 0: Disabled, 1: Enabled
5	Hemi_Switch_Ena	49	I02		Hemispherical grid voltage switching enable status. Values: 0: False, 1: True
6	Hemi_Grid_HV_Ena	52	I02		Hemispherical grid HV enable status. Values: 0: False, 1: True
7	Grid_HV_Ena	55	I02		Flat grid HV enable status. Values: 0: False, 1: True
8	MCP_HV_Ena	58	I02		MCP HV (low and high side) enable status. Values: 0: False, 1: True
9	W_Screen_HV_Ena	61	I02		Solar wind screen HV enable status. Values: 0: False, 1: True
10	HK_Pkt_Rt	64	I03	Second	Primary housekeeping packet production interval.
11	Cover_Pulse	68	I05	millisecond	Aperture cover pulse width.
12	Impact_Lvl	74	E013.6		Impact threshold register.
13	Ssafing_Lvl	88	I05		Sun safing threshold register.
14	Impact_Min_Dt	94	E013.6	Second	Minimum time between threshold crossings for valid dust impact. MCP signal impact threshold crossings (rising and falling) that occur faster than this time are not counted as valid impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection. This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.
15	Decimation	108	I03		Waveform decimation register.
16	Arm_Timeout	112	I03	Second	Time before an 'arm' condition expires.
17	Firmware_Version				LDEX control FPGA firmware version number.



18	IP_Dust_Level	120	I05		Slope of MCP signal at which non-lunar dust is flagged. Interplanetary or interstellar dust will have higher impact speeds and will therefore generate MCP signals with steeper slopes. Any impacts detected with a slope at or above this level will be captured as waveforms regardless of the decimation value.
19	Integration_R_Tm	126	I03	millisecond	Integration reset time for collective dust particle impact signal.
20	Impact_Max_Dt	130	E013.6	Second	Maximum time between threshold crossings for valid dust impact. MCP signal impact threshold crossings (rising and falling) that occur faster than this time are not counted as valid impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection. This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.
21	Integration_S_Tm	144	I03	millisecond	Integration time for collective dust particle impact signal. This parameter is nominally 100 ms, but is adjustable in case pre-launch predictions of the dust environment are significantly different from actual conditions.
22	Impact_T_Ct	148	I03		Number of simulated impacts generated by the 'init ldex impact test' command.
23	Impact_Max_P	152	I03	8_microsecond	Maximum time for MCP peak for valid dust impacts.
24	Impact_Min_R	156	I03		Minimum ratio between MCP sum and MCP peak for valid impacts. MCP waveforms that have a sum to peak ratio less than this value are not counted as valid impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection. This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.
25	Inv_Wf_Rt	160	I03	minute	Minimum period at which LDEX will transmit invalid impact waveform packets.

The primary housekeeping data contains telemetry recorded at a user selected interval, nominally around 10 seconds. This contains temperatures, voltages, and general information about the health and state of the instrument.

**Table 12: LDEX Primary Housekeeping Table**

#	Name	Start Byte	Format	Units	Description
1	Time	1	A21		Time the housekeeping information was packetized and sent to the spacecraft.
2	Controller_Temp	28	E013.6	Celsius	Controller board temperature.
3	P3_3V_Mon	42	E013.6	Volt	+3.3V supply voltage monitor.
4	M5V_Mon	56	E013.6	Volt	-5V supply voltage monitor.
5	P5V_Mon	70	E013.6	Volt	+5V supply voltage monitor.
6	FED_Temp	84	E013.6	Celsius	Front-end detector board temperature.
7	HVPS_Temp	98	E013.6	Celsius	High voltage power supply board temperature.
8	W_Screen_V_Mon	112	E013.6	Volt	Solar wind screen voltage monitor.
9	MCP_Temp	126	E013.6	Celsius	Micro-channel plate temperature.
10	LVPS_Temp	140	E013.6	Celsius	Low voltage power supply board temperature.
11	MCP_Low_V_Mon	154	E013.6	Volt	Micro-channel plate low side voltage monitor.
12	MCP_High_V_Mon	168	E013.6	Volt	Micro-channel plate high side voltage monitor.
13	Flat_Grid_V_Mon	182	E013.6	Volt	Flat grid voltage monitor.
14	Hemi_Grid_V_Mon	196	E013.6	Volt	Hemispherical grid voltage monitor.
15	Grnd_V_Mon	210	E013.6	Volt	Analog ground voltage monitor (for reference).
16	Last_MCP_Signal	224	E013.6	Volt	Last sample of the MCP signal. The MCP is continually sampled so that integrated dust measurements can be made. This MCP signal is also used to detect if the sun is in the instrument field of view so that it can safe itself. The value here may or may not be part of an individual impact waveform packet. It is included in the primary housekeeping data as a means of tracking the MCP signal for troubleshooting the sun safing functionality.
17	Inv_Capture_Arm	238	I02		Indicates when waveform data will be captured for the next invalid impact. Values: 0: False 1: True
18	Time_Source	241	I02		Instrument time source. If LDEX gets out of sync with the spacecraft and can no longer process time value messages or is not getting the 1 Hz time sync pulse, it will go on internal time. When on internal time, the instrument clock will drift relative to the spacecraft clock. The LDEX internal timer rolls over at 0.999424 seconds, not exactly one second due to the use of a 20 MHz clock. Values: 0: External 1: Internal
19	Science_Enabled	244	I02		Enable/disable state of science data output Values: 0: False 1: True

20	Arm_Dis_Ssafing	247	I02		Arm state for sun safing disable command. Values: 0: Not Armed 1: Armed
21	Pkt_Sync_Loss	250	I02		Incoming (command/time value) CCSDS packet synchronization loss state. When this value is TRUE, the instrument will not be able to parse command packets. It is indicative of an interface issue between the spacecraft and instrument. Values: 0: False 1: True
22	Ssafing_Ena	253	I02		Enable/disable state for autonomous sun safing. Values: 0: Disabled 1: Enabled
23	Arm_Cover_Reject	256	I02		Set to TRUE if an arm cover command was received while high voltage is ON. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
24	HV_Ena_Reject	259	I02		Set if a high voltage enable command was received while the sun was in the FOV. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
25	Fire_WO_Arm	262	I02		Received 'fire' command without appropriate 'arm' command first. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
26	Cmd_Cksum_Error	265	I02		Received a command with an invalid checksum. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
27	Cmd_Addr_Error	268	I02		Received a register read/write command with an invalid register address. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
28	Cmd_Opcode_Error	271	I02		Received a command with an invalid opcode. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
29	HV_State	274	I02		High voltage enable/disable state. Values: 0: Disabled 1: Enabled

30	Arm_Hv_Ena	277	I02		Arm state for high voltage enable command. Values: 0: Not armed 1: Armed
31	Arm_Opn_Cover	280	I02		Arm state for aperture cover command. Values: 0: Not armed 1: Armed
32	Pin_Puller_B	283	I02		Pin puller b-side fire status indicator. Values: 0: Not fired 1: Fired
33	Pin_Puller_A	286	I02		Pin puller a-side fire status indicator. Values: 0: Not fired 1: Fired
34	Sun_In_FOV	289	I02		Current sun in FOV indicator. Values: 0: False 1: True
35	Ssafing_Trip	292	I02		Flag indicating that sun safing was tripped. This error condition is latched and only cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True
36	Cmd_Fail_Ct	295	I05		Cumulative count of failed commands.
37	Cmd_Succ_Ct	301	I05		Cumulative count of successful commands.
38	Ssafing_Trip_Lvl	307	I05		MCP level that caused sun safing to trip.
39	Impact_Count	313	I010		Cumulative count of individually detected dust impacts since POR. Should match number of impacts recorded in dust impact packets.
40	Dropped_Bytes	324	I05		Cumulative count of incoming bytes dropped during out of sync condition.
41	MCP_DC_Offset	330	I05		Measured DC offset of MCP signal.
42	Last_Tgt_Signal	336	E013.6	Volt	Last sample of the hemispherical target signal. The hemispherical target is sampled at the primary housekeeping packet rate. The value here may or may not be part of an individual impact waveform packet. It is included in the primary housekeeping data as a means of tracking the signal for troubleshooting purposes.
43	Integrator_Z_Lvl	350	E013.6	Volt	Zero-level of integrated dust signal.
44	Integrator_S_Lvl	364	E013.6	Volt	Sample level of integrated dust signal.
45	Valid_Min_Dt_Flag	378	I02		Indicates if minimum pulse width requirement was met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1: True
46	Valid_Max_Dt_Flag	381	I02		Indicates if maximum pulse width requirement was met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1: True

47	Valid_Max_P_Flg	384	I02		Indicates if peak time requirement was met for the last impact event. Values 0: False 1: True
48	Valid_Ratio_Flg	387	I02		Indicates if sum to peak ratio requirement was met for the last impact event. Values 0: False 1: True
49	Tgt_Wf_FIFO_Of	390	I02		Overflow indicator for hemispherical target waveform FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
50	MCP_Wf_FIFO_Of	393	I02		Overflow indicator for MCP waveform FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
51	Offset_FIFO_Of	396	I02		Overflow indicator for impact time offset FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
52	Time_FIFO_Of	399	I02		Overflow indicator for impact time stamp FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
53	Tgt_Imp_FIFO_Of	402	I02		Overflow indicator for hemispherical target impact FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
54	MCP_Imp_FIFO_Of	405	I02		Overflow indicator for MCP impact FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values 0: False 1: True
55	Inv_Min_Dt	408	E013.6	Second	Value of minimum pulse width for last invalid impact.
56	Inv_Max_Dt	422	E013.6	Second	Value of maximum pulse width for last invalid impact.
57	Inv_Max_P	436	E013.6	Second	Value of peak time for last invalid impact.
58	Inv_Sum	450	I010		Integrated sum of 50 samples for last invalid impact.
59	Inv_Impact_Count	461	I05		Number of invalid impact events since last primary housekeeping packet.
60	Impact_Dead_Time	467	E013.6	Second	Accumulated dead time since last primary housekeeping packet. Includes time spent processing both valid and invalid impacts.
61	Valid_Min_Dt	481	E013.6	Second	Value of minimum pulse width for last valid impact.

62	Valid_Max_Dt	495	E013.6	Second	Value of maximum pulse width for last valid impact.
63	Valid_Max_P	509	E013.6	Second	Value of peak time for last valid impact.
64	Valid_Sum	523	I010		Integrated sum of 50 samples for last valid impact.
65	Inv_Peak	534	I05	Volt	Peak MCP amplitude for last invalid impact.
66	Valid_Peak	540	I05	Volt	Peak MCP amplitude for last valid impact.

## 8.2 XML Labels

### 8.2.1 Primary Housekeeping

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>

<logical_identifer>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_housekeeping:housekeepin_housekeeping_13
325_13334_tab</logical_identifer>
  <version_id>1.0</version_id>
  <title>HOUSEKEEPING_13325_13334</title>
  <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
  <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
</Identification_Area>
  <Observation_Area>
    <Time_Coordinates>
      <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
      <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
    </Time_Coordinates>
    <Primary_Result_Summary>
      <purpose>Engineering</purpose>
      <processing_level>Raw</processing_level>
      <Science_Facets>
        <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
        <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
        <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
      </Science_Facets>
    </Primary_Result_Summary>
    <Investigation_Area>
      <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
      <type>Mission</type>
      <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
      <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
    </Internal_Reference>
    </Investigation_Area>
    <Observing_System>
      <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
      <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
      <Observing_System_Component>
        <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
        <type>Instrument</type>
        <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
included
in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
bundle.</description>
      <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
```

```

    <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
<Observing_System_Component>
  <name>LADEE</name>
  <type>Spacecraft</type>
  <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
  <Internal_Reference>
    <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs:ladee</lid_reference>
    <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Dust</name>
  <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Moon</name>
  <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>housekeeping_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>HOUSEKEEPIN_HOUSEKEEPING_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
    <file_size unit="byte">24785915</file_size>
    <records>45815</records>
  </File>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
    <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
    <records>45815</records>
    <description>The primary housekeeping data contains
telemetry recorded at a user selected interval, nominally around 10
seconds. This contains temperatures, voltages, and general
information about the health and state of the instrument.</description>
    <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
    <Record_Character>
      <fields>66</fields>
      <groups>0</groups>
      <record_length unit="byte">541</record_length>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>TIME</name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
        <field_format>%21s</field_format>
        <description>Time when housekeeping was packetized
and sent to spacecraft.</description>
      </Field_Character>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>CONTROLLER_TEMP</name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
        <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
        <unit>CELSIUS</unit>
        <description>Controller board temperature.</description>
        <Special_Constants>
          <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
      </Field_Character>
    </Record_Character>
  </Table_Character>

```

```

    <name>P3_3V_MON</name>
    <field_number>3</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">37</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>VOLT</unit>
    <description>+3.3V supply voltage monitor.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>M5V_MON</name>
  <field_number>4</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">51</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>-5V supply voltage monitor.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>P5V_MON</name>
  <field_number>5</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">65</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>+5V supply voltage monitor.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>FED_TEMP</name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">79</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>CELSIUS</unit>
  <description>Front-end detector board temperature.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HVPS_TEMP</name>
  <field_number>7</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">93</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>CELSIUS</unit>
  <description>High voltage power supply board
  temperature.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>W_SCREEN_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>8</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">107</field_location>

```



```

    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>VOLT</unit>
    <description>Solar wind screen voltage monitor.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MCP_TEMP</name>
  <field_number>9</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">121</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>CELSIUS</unit>
  <description>Micro-channel plate temperature.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>LVPS_TEMP</name>
  <field_number>10</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">135</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>CELSIUS</unit>
  <description>Low voltage power supply board
temperature.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MCP_LOW_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>11</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">149</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Micro-channel plate low-side voltage
monitor.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MCP_HIGH_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>12</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">163</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Micro-channel plate high-side voltage
monitor.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>FLAT_GRID_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>13</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">177</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>

```

```

    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>VOLT</unit>
    <description>Flat grid voltage monitor.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HEMI_GRID_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>14</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">191</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Hemispherical grid voltage monitor.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>GND_V_MON</name>
  <field_number>15</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">205</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Analog ground voltage monitor (for
reference).</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>LAST_MCP_SIGNAL</name>
  <field_number>16</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">219</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Last sample of the MCP
is continually sampled so that integrated dust measurements can be
made. This MCP signal is also used to detect if the sun is in the
instrument field of view so that it can safe itself. The value here
may or may not be part of an individual impact waveform packet. It is
included in the primary housekeeping data as a means of tracking the
MCP signal for troubleshooting the sun safing functionality.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>INV_CAPTURE_ARM</name>
  <field_number>17</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">233</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Indicates when waveform data will be
captured for the next invalid impact. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>TIME_SOURCE</name>

```

```

    <field_number>18</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">236</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Instrument time source. If LDEX gets out
of sync with the spacecraft and can no longer process time value
messages or is not getting the 1 Hz time sync pulse, it will go on
internal time. When on internal time, the instrument clock will drift
relative to the spacecraft clock. The LDEX internal timer rolls over
at 0.999424 seconds, not exactly one second due to the use of a 20 MHz
clock. Values: 0: External 1: Internal</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>SCIENCE_ENABLED</name>
    <field_number>19</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">239</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Enable/disable state of science data
output. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>ARM_DIS_SSAFING</name>
    <field_number>20</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">242</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Arm state for sun safing disable
command. Values: 0: Not Armed 1: Armed</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>PKT_SYNC_LOSS</name>
    <field_number>21</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">245</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Incoming (command/time value) CCSDS
packet synchronization loss state. When this value is TRUE, the
instrument will not be able to parse command packets. It is indicative
of an interface issue between the spacecraft and instrument. Values:
0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>SSAFING_ENA</name>
    <field_number>22</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">248</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Enable/disable state for autonomous sun
safing. Values: 0: Disabled 1: Enabled</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  
```

```

    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>ARM_COVER_REJECT</name>
    <field_number>23</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">251</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Set to TRUE if an arm cover command was
    received while high voltage is ON. This error flag is reset at POR or
    by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>HV_ENA_REJECT</name>
    <field_number>24</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">254</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Set if a high voltage enable command was
    received while the sun was in the FOV. This error flag is reset at POR
    or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>FIRE_WO_ARM</name>
    <field_number>25</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">257</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Received 'fire' command without
    appropriate 'arm' command first. This error flag is reset at POR or by
    command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>CMD_CKSUM_ERROR</name>
    <field_number>26</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">260</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Received a command with an invalid
    checksum. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0:
    False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>CMD_ADDR_ERROR</name>
    <field_number>27</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">263</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Received a register read/write command
    with an invalid register address. This error flag is reset at POR or
    by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>

```

```

        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>CMD_OPCODE_ERROR</name>
    <field_number>28</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">266</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Received a command with an invalid
opcode. This error flag is reset at POR or by command. Values: 0:
False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>HV_STATE</name>
    <field_number>29</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">269</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>High voltage enable/disable state.
Values: 0: Disabled 1: Enabled</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>ARM_HV_ENA</name>
    <field_number>30</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">272</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Arm state for high voltage enable
command. Values: 0: Not armed 1: Armed</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>ARM_OPN_COVER</name>
    <field_number>31</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">275</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Arm state for aperture cover open
command. Values: 0: Not armed 1: Armed</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>PIN_PULLER_B</name>
    <field_number>32</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">278</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Pin puller b-side fire status indicator.
Values: 0: Not fired 1: Fired</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>

```

```

<Field_Character>
  <name>PIN_PULLER_A</name>
  <field_number>33</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">281</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Pin puller a-side fire status indicator.
Values: 0: Not fired 1: Fired</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>SUN_IN_FOV</name>
  <field_number>34</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">284</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Current sun in FOV indicator. Values: 0:
False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>SSAFING_TRIP</name>
  <field_number>35</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">287</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Flag indicating that sun safing was
tripped. This error condition is latched and only cleared at POR or by
command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>CMD_FAIL_CT</name>
  <field_number>36</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">290</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <description>Cumulative count of failed commands.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>CMD_SUCC_CT</name>
  <field_number>37</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">296</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <description>Cumulative count of successful
commands.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>SSAFING_TRIP_LVL</name>
  <field_number>38</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">302</field_location>

```

```

    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
    <field_format>%05d</field_format>
    <description>MCP level that caused sun safing to
trip.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMPACT_COUNT</name>
  <field_number>39</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">308</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
  <field_format>%010d</field_format>
  <description>Cumulative count of individually
detected dust impacts since POR. Should match number of impacts
recorded in dust impact packets.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-999999999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>DROPPED_BYTES</name>
  <field_number>40</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">319</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <description>Cumulative count of incoming bytes
dropped during out of sync condition.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MCP_DC_OFFSET</name>
  <field_number>41</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">325</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <description>Measured DC offset of MCP signal.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>LAST_TGT_SIGNAL</name>
  <field_number>42</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">331</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Last sample of the hemispherical target
signal. The hemispherical target is sampled at the primary
housekeeping packet rate. The value here may or may not be part of an
individual impact waveform packet. It is included in the primary
housekeeping data as a means of tracking the signal for
troubleshooting purposes.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>INTEGRATOR_Z_LVL</name>
  <field_number>43</field_number>

```



```

    <field_location unit="byte">345</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>VOLT</unit>
    <description>Zero-level of integrated dust signal.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INTEGRATOR_S_LVL</name>
    <field_number>44</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">359</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>VOLT</unit>
    <description>Sample level of integrated dust signal.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MIN_DT_FLG</name>
    <field_number>45</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">373</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Indicates if minimum pulse width
  requirement was met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1:
  True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MAX_DT_FLG</name>
    <field_number>46</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">376</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Indicates if maximum pulse width
  requirement was met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1:
  True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MAX_P_FLG</name>
    <field_number>47</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">379</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Indicates if peak time requirement was
  met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_RATIO_FLG</name>
    <field_number>48</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">382</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>

```



```

        <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
        <field_format>%02d</field_format>
        <description>Indicates if sum to peak ratio
        requirement was met for the last impact event. Values: 0: False 1:
        True</description>
        <Special_Constants>
            <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>TGT_WF_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>49</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">385</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Overflow indicator for hemispherical
    target waveform FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False
    1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>MCP_WF_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>50</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">388</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Overflow indicator for MCP waveform
    FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>OFFSET_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>51</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">391</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Overflow indicator for impact time
    offset FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>TIME_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>52</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">394</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Overflow indicator for impact time stamp
    FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
    <name>TGT_IMP_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>53</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">397</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>

```

```

    <description>Overflow indicator for hemispherical
    target impact FIFO. Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1:
    True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>MCP_IMP_FIFO_OF</name>
    <field_number>54</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">400</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Overflow indicator for MCP impact FIFO.
    Cleared at POR or by command. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INV_MIN_DT</name>
    <field_number>55</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">403</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Value of minimum pulse width for last
    invalid impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INV_MAX_DT</name>
    <field_number>56</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">417</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Value of maximum pulse width for last
    invalid impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INV_MAX_P</name>
    <field_number>57</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">431</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Value of peak time for last invalid
    impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INV_SUM</name>
    <field_number>58</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">445</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%010d</field_format>
  
```

```

    <description>Integrated sum of 50 samples for last
    invalid impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-999999999</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INV_IMPACT_COUNT</name>
    <field_number>59</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">456</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
    <field_format>%05d</field_format>
    <description>Number of invalid impact events since
    last primary housekeeping packet.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>IMPACT_DEAD_TIME</name>
    <field_number>60</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">462</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Accumulated dead time since last primary
    housekeeping packet. Includes time spent processing both valid and
    invalid impacts.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MIN_DT</name>
    <field_number>61</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">476</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Value of minimum pulse width for last
    valid impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MAX_DT</name>
    <field_number>62</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">490</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Value of maximum pulse width for last
    valid impact.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>VALID_MAX_P</name>
    <field_number>63</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">504</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  
```

```

        <unit>SECOND</unit>
        <description>Value of peak time for last valid
        impact.</description>
        <Special_Constants>
            <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
        <name>VALID_SUM</name>
        <field_number>64</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">518</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
        <field_format>%010d</field_format>
        <description>Integrated sum of 50 samples for last
        valid impact.</description>
        <Special_Constants>
            <missing_constant>-999999999</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
        <name>INV_PEAK</name>
        <field_number>65</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">529</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
        <field_format>%05d</field_format>
        <unit>VOLT</unit>
        <description>Peak MCP amplitude for last invalid
        impact.</description>
        <Special_Constants>
            <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
        <name>VALID_PEAK</name>
        <field_number>66</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">535</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
        <field_format>%05d</field_format>
        <unit>VOLT</unit>
        <description>Peak MCP amplitude for last valid
        impact.</description>
        <Special_Constants>
            <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
        </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

## 8.2.2 Diagnostic (Secondary Housekeeping)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
    <Identification_Area>

<logical_identifier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_housekeeping:housekeeping_diagnostic_133
25_13334_tab</logical_identifier>
        <version_id>1.0</version_id>
        <title>DIAGNOSTIC_13325_13334</title>
        <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
        <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
    </Identification_Area>

```

```

<Observation_Area>
  <Time_Coordinates>
    <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
    <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
  </Time_Coordinates>
  <Primary_Result_Summary>
    <purpose>Engineering</purpose>
    <processing_level>Raw</processing_level>
    <Science_Facets>
      <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
      <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
      <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
    </Science_Facets>
  </Primary_Result_Summary>
  <Investigation_Area>
    <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
    <type>Mission</type>
    <Internal_Reference>
      <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
      <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
    </Internal_Reference>
  </Investigation_Area>
  <Observing_System>
    <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
    <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
    <Observing_System_Component>
      <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
      <type>Instrument</type>
      <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
included
in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
bundle.</description>
      <Internal_Reference>
        <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
        <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
      </Internal_Reference>
    </Observing_System_Component>
    <Observing_System_Component>
      <name>LADEE</name>
      <type>Spacecraft</type>
      <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
      <Internal_Reference>
        <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
        <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
      </Internal_Reference>
    </Observing_System_Component>
  </Observing_System>
  <Target_Identification>
    <name>Dust</name>
    <type>Dust</type>
  </Target_Identification>
  <Target_Identification>
    <name>Moon</name>
    <type>Satellite</type>
  </Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>diagnostic_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>HOUSEKEEPING_DIAGNOSTIC_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
    <file_size unit="byte">132447</file_size>
    <records>833</records>
  </File>

```

```

<Table_Character>
  <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
  <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
  <records>833</records>
  <description>This is the LDEX data relating to
    diagnostic information from LDEX. This packet is stored only when
    commanded and contains telemetry related to the state of the
    instrument.</description>
  <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
  <Record_Character>
    <fields>25</fields>
    <groups>0</groups>
    <record_length unit="byte">159</record_length>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>TIME</name>
      <field_number>1</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
      <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
      <field_format>-%21s</field_format>
      <description>Time the diagnostic information was
        packetized and sent to the spacecraft.</description>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>MCP_LOW_V</name>
      <field_number>2</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
      <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
      <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
      <unit>VOLT</unit>
      <description>Commanded MCP low-side voltage.</description>
      <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
      </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>HV_CLK_DELAY</name>
      <field_number>3</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">37</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
      <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
      <field_format>%03d</field_format>
      <unit>40_NANOSECOND</unit>
      <description>Number of 40 ns periods to delay the HV
        clock.</description>
      <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
      </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>SCIENCE_WO_HV</name>
      <field_number>4</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">41</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
      <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
      <field_format>%02d</field_format>
      <description>Instrument is configured to output
        science regardless of HV enable state. Values: 0: Disabled 1:
        Enabled</description>
      <Special_Constants>
        <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
      </Special_Constants>
    </Field_Character>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>HEMI_SWITCH_ENA</name>
      <field_number>5</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">44</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  
```

```

    <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
    <field_format>%02d</field_format>
    <description>Hemispherical grid voltage switching
    enable status. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HEMI_GRID_HV_ENA</name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">47</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Hemispherical grid HV enable status.
  Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>FLAT_GRID_HV_ENA</name>
  <field_number>7</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">50</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Flat grid HV enable status. Values: 0:
  False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MCP_HV_ENA</name>
  <field_number>8</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">53</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>MCP HV (low and high side) enable
  status. Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>W_SCREEN_HV_ENA</name>
  <field_number>9</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">56</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">2</field_length>
  <field_format>%02d</field_format>
  <description>Solar wind screen HV enable status.
  Values: 0: False 1: True</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HK_PKT_RT</name>
  <field_number>10</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">59</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
  <field_format>%03d</field_format>
  <unit>SECOND</unit>
  <description>Primary housekeeping packet production

```



```

interval.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>COVER_PULSE</name>
  <field_number>11</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">63</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <unit>MILLISECOND</unit>
  <description>Aperture cover pulse width.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMPACT_LVL</name>
  <field_number>12</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">69</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <description>Impact threshold register.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>SSAFING_LVL</name>
  <field_number>13</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">83</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%05d</field_format>
  <description>Sun safing threshold register.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMPACT_MIN_DT</name>
  <field_number>14</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">89</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
  <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
  <unit>SECOND</unit>
  <description>Minimum time between threshold crossings
  for valid dust impact. MCP signal impact threshold crossings (rising
  and falling) that occur faster than this time are not counted as valid
  impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection.
  This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>DECIMATION</name>
  <field_number>15</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">103</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
  <field_format>%03d</field_format>
  <description>Waveform decimation register.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>

```



```

    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>ARM_TIMEOUT</name>
    <field_number>16</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">107</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
    <field_format>%03d</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Time before an 'arm' condition expires.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>FIRMWARE_VERSION</name>
    <field_number>17</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">111</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
    <field_format>%03d</field_format>
    <description>LDEX control FPGA firmware version
  number.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>IP_DUST_LEVEL</name>
    <field_number>18</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">115</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
    <field_format>%05d</field_format>
    <description>Slope of MCP signal at which non-lunar
  dust is flagged. Interplanetary or interstellar dust will have higher
  impact speeds and will therefore generate MCP signals with steeper
  slopes. Any impacts detected with a slope at or above this level will
  be captured as waveforms regardless of the decimation value.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-9999</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>INTEGRATION_R_TM</name>
    <field_number>19</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">121</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
    <field_format>%03d</field_format>
    <unit>MILLISECOND</unit>
    <description>Integration reset time for collective
  dust particle impact signal.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>IMPACT_MAX_DT</name>
    <field_number>20</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">125</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">13</field_length>
    <field_format>%013.6E</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Maximum time between threshold crossings
  for valid dust impact. MCP signal impact threshold crossings (rising
  and falling) that occur slower than this time are not counted as valid
  
```

impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection. This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.</description>  
 <Special\_Constants>  
 <missing\_constant>-9.999999E+09</missing\_constant>  
 </Special\_Constants>  
 </Field\_Character>  
 <Field\_Character>  
 <name>INTEGRATION\_S\_TM</name>  
 <field\_number>21</field\_number>  
 <field\_location unit="byte">139</field\_location>  
 <data\_type>ASCII\_Integer</data\_type>  
 <field\_length unit="byte">3</field\_length>  
 <field\_format>%03d</field\_format>  
 <unit>MILLISECOND</unit>  
 <description>Integration time for collective dust particle impact signal. This parameter is nominally 100 ms, but is adjustable in case pre-launch predictions of the dust environment are significantly different from actual conditions.</description>  
 <Special\_Constants>  
 <missing\_constant>-99</missing\_constant>  
 </Special\_Constants>  
 </Field\_Character>  
 <Field\_Character>  
 <name>IMPACT\_T\_CT</name>  
 <field\_number>22</field\_number>  
 <field\_location unit="byte">143</field\_location>  
 <data\_type>ASCII\_Integer</data\_type>  
 <field\_length unit="byte">3</field\_length>  
 <field\_format>%03d</field\_format>  
 <description>Number of simulated impacts generated by the 'init ldex impact\_test' command.</description>  
 <Special\_Constants>  
 <missing\_constant>-99</missing\_constant>  
 </Special\_Constants>  
 </Field\_Character>  
 <Field\_Character>  
 <name>IMPACT\_MAX\_P</name>  
 <field\_number>23</field\_number>  
 <field\_location unit="byte">147</field\_location>  
 <data\_type>ASCII\_Integer</data\_type>  
 <field\_length unit="byte">3</field\_length>  
 <field\_format>%03d</field\_format>  
 <unit>8\_MICROSECOND</unit>  
 <description>Maximum time for MCP peak for valid dust impacts.</description>  
 <Special\_Constants>  
 <missing\_constant>-99</missing\_constant>  
 </Special\_Constants>  
 </Field\_Character>  
 <Field\_Character>  
 <name>IMPACT\_MIN\_R</name>  
 <field\_number>24</field\_number>  
 <field\_location unit="byte">151</field\_location>  
 <data\_type>ASCII\_Integer</data\_type>  
 <field\_length unit="byte">3</field\_length>  
 <field\_format>%03d</field\_format>  
 <description>Minimum ratio between MCP sum and MCP peak for valid impacts. MCP waveforms that have a sum to peak ratio less than this value are not counted as valid impacts for either waveform capture or individual impact detection. This is used to eliminate noise or non-dust impacts.</description>  
 <Special\_Constants>  
 <missing\_constant>-99</missing\_constant>  
 </Special\_Constants>  
 </Field\_Character>  
 <Field\_Character>  
 <name>INV\_WF\_RT</name>  
 <field\_number>25</field\_number>  
 <field\_location unit="byte">155</field\_location>

```

    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">3</field_length>
    <field_format>%03d</field_format>
    <unit>MINUTE</unit>
    <description>Minimum period at which LDEX will
    transmit invalid impact waveform packets.</description>
    <Special_Constants>
      <missing_constant>-99</missing_constant>
    </Special_Constants>
  </Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

### 8.2.3 Integrated

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>
    <logical_identifier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_reduced:reduced_integrated_13325_13334_t
    ab</logical_identifier>
    <version_id>1.0</version_id>
    <title>INTEGRATED_13325_13334</title>
    <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
    <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Observation_Area>
    <Time_Coordinates>
      <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
      <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
    </Time_Coordinates>
    <Primary_Result_Summary>
      <purpose>Science</purpose>
      <processing_level>Derived</processing_level>
      <Science_Facets>
        <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
        <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
        <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
      </Science_Facets>
    </Primary_Result_Summary>
    <Investigation_Area>
      <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
      <type>Mission</type>
      <Internal_Reference>
        <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
        <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
      </Internal_Reference>
    </Investigation_Area>
    <Observing_System>
      <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
      <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
      <Observing_System_Component>
        <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
        <type>Instrument</type>
        <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
        included
        in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
        'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
        bundle.</description>
      </Observing_System_Component>
    </Observing_System>
  </Observation_Area>
  <Internal_Reference>
    <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
    <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>

```

```

    </Internal_Reference>
  </Observing_System_Component>
  <Observing_System_Component>
    <name>LADEE</name>
    <type>Spacecraft</type>
    <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
    <Internal_Reference>
      <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
      <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
    </Internal_Reference>
  </Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Dust</name>
  <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Moon</name>
  <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>integrated_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>REDUCED_INTEGRATED_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
    <file_size unit="byte">198576312</file_size>
    <records>4513098</records>
  </File>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
    <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
    <records>4513098</records>
    <description>The raw integrated table contains the
measurements recorded by the integrator for each period that the high
voltage is turned on. The integration time is user selected and is
nominally 100ms. The integrator is zeroed at the beginning of each
sample.</description>
    <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
    <Record_Character>
      <fields>5</fields>
      <groups>0</groups>
      <record_length unit="byte">44</record_length>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>PACKET_TIME</name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
        <field_format>%21s</field_format>
        <description>UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)</description>
      </Field_Character>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>INTEGRATED_MCP_SAMPLE</name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
        <field_format>%09.6f</field_format>
        <unit>VOLT</unit>
        <description>Integrated dust samples (Volts). The
Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled at a programmable rate with a
default of 100 ms. This measurement takes two samples of the MCP each
cycle to perform a correlated double sample. The first one is taken 1
ms after the start of the sample period to establish the zero level
for the channel. The second one is taken after the programmed sample
period has expired. The difference of the two is the measurement of

```

```

    the integrated low-level dust impinging on the instrument and is given
    in the Integrated Dust Samples.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>SAMPLE_PERIOD</name>
    <field_number>3</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">33</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
    <field_format>%5.3f</field_format>
    <unit>SECOND</unit>
    <description>Period of samples (seconds). The sample
    period is a programmable period which can have a value of 0-255
    seconds.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>HV_STATUS</name>
    <field_number>4</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">39</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
    <field_format>%1d</field_format>
    <description>0 on.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>GRID_STATUS</name>
    <field_number>5</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">41</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
    <field_format>%1d</field_format>
    <description>0 is -200V. Switching the Grid voltage
    to +30V has the effect of any ions from the MCP, preventing dust
    impacts from registering on the MCP. Sampling when the Grid is
    switched is a way get a noise floor measurement for the electronics
    that can be used to correct the integrated dust measurement on the
    ground.</description>
  </Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

## 8.2.4 Impact

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>
    <logical_identifier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_reduced:reduced_impact_13325_13334_tab</
    logical_identifier>
    <version_id>1.0</version_id>
    <title>IMPACT_13325_13334</title>
    <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
    <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Observation_Area>
    <Time_Coordinates>
      <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
      <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
    </Time_Coordinates>
    <Primary_Result_Summary>
      <purpose>Science</purpose>
      <processing_level>Derived</processing_level>
      <Science_Facets>
        <domain>Atmosphere</domain>

```

```

    <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
    <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
  </Science_Facets>
</Primary_Result_Summary>
<Investigation_Area>
  <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
  <type>Mission</type>
  <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
  <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Investigation_Area>
<Observing_System>
  <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
  <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
  <Observing_System_Component>
    <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
    <type>Instrument</type>
    <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
included
in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
bundle.</description>
    <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
  <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
<Observing_System_Component>
  <name>LADEE</name>
  <type>Spacecraft</type>
  <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
  <Internal_Reference>
    <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
    <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Dust</name>
  <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Moon</name>
  <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>impact_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>REDUCED_IMPACT_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
    <file_size unit="byte">691850</file_size>
    <records>13837</records>
  </File>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
    <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
    <records>13837</records>
    <description>This table contains the number of
impacts recorded during a user selectable duration. It includes
impacts recorded on both the target and MCP.</description>
    <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
    <Record_Character>
      <fields>4</fields>

```

```

<groups>0</groups>
<record_length unit="byte">50</record_length>
<Field_Character>
  <name>PACKET_TIME</name>
  <field_number>1</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
  <field_format>-%21s</field_format>
  <description>UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMPACT_PEAK_MCP</name>
  <field_number>2</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
  <field_format>%09.6f</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Peak value of MCP signal for impact
(Volts) The Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled every 8 us. If the
signal crosses a programmable threshold, an impact detection algorithm
will be performed to determine the if the event was caused by a dust
impact. If the MCP signal meets the necessary conditions for a dust
impact (LDEX Controller FPGA Specification, p. 62), the peak amplitude
of the MCP signal level will be stored.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMPACT_PEAK_TARGET</name>
  <field_number>3</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">33</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
  <field_format>%09.6f</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>Peak value of Target signal for impact
(Volts). If the MCP signal has met the dust impact requirements
described in the Impact Peak MCP description, the peak amplitude of
the Target signal will be stored.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HV_ADJUST</name>
  <field_number>4</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">43</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%5.1f</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>MCP HV adjustment value (Volts)</description>
</Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

## 8.2.5 Wave

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>
    <logical_identifier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_reduced:reduced_wave_13325_13334_tab</lo
gical_identifier>
    <version_id>1.0</version_id>
    <title>WAVE_13325_13334</title>

```



```

    <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
    <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Observation_Area>
    <Time_Coordinates>
      <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
      <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
    </Time_Coordinates>
    <Primary_Result_Summary>
      <purpose>Science</purpose>
      <processing_level>Derived</processing_level>
      <Science_Facets>
        <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
        <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
        <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
      </Science_Facets>
    </Primary_Result_Summary>
    <Investigation_Area>
      <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
      <type>Mission</type>
      <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
  <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Investigation_Area>
<Observing_System>
  <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
  <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
  <Observing_System_Component>
    <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
    <type>Instrument</type>
    <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
included
  in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
  'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
  bundle.</description>
    <Internal_Reference>

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
  <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
  </Observing_System_Component>
<Observing_System_Component>
  <name>LADEE</name>
  <type>Spacecraft</type>
  <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
  <Internal_Reference>
    <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
    <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
  </Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Dust</name>
  <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Moon</name>
  <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>wave_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>REDUCED_WAVE_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
  </File>

```



```

    <file_size unit="byte">32251494</file_size>
    <records>31191</records>
  </File>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
    <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
    <records>31191</records>
    <description>The wave packet stored by LDEX contains
      voltages from the MCP and target. When triggered (by rising above the
      threshold), the FPGA begins recording voltages from both the MCP and
      target in 8 microsecond intervals for 50 samples resulting in a 400
      microsecond waveform. The two are recorded simultaneously. Because
      the instrument/spacecraft do not have the data volume to store all
      waveforms, the waveforms are stored at a specific cadence. The
      decimation factor (found in the diagnostic packet) determines this
      cadence that the full waveform is stored in the packet. A decimation
      factor of 1 means all waveforms are stored on a FIFO basis.</description>
    <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
  <Record_Character>
    <fields>4</fields>
    <groups>2</groups>
    <record_length unit="byte">1034</record_length>
    <Field_Character>
      <name>PACKET_TIME</name>
      <field_number>1</field_number>
      <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
      <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
      <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
      <field_format>-%21s</field_format>
      <description>UTC Time (yyyy-dddThh:mm:ss.sss)</description>
    </Field_Character>
    <Group_Field_Character>
      <repetitions>50</repetitions>
      <fields>1</fields>
      <groups>0</groups>
      <group_location unit="byte">23</group_location>
      <group_length unit="byte">9</group_length>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>MCP_SIGNAL</name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
        <field_format>%09.6f</field_format>
        <unit>VOLT</unit>
        <description>50 Samples of MCP Signal. The
          Microchannel Plate (MCP) is sampled every 8 us. If the signal crosses
          a programmable threshold, an impact detection algorithm will be
          performed to determine the if the event was caused by a dust impact.
          If the MCP signal meets the necessary conditions for a dust impact
          including rise time, peak duration, and sum to peak ratio, then, 15
          samples before the threshold crossing and 35 samples after the
          threshold crossing will be stored.</description>
      </Field_Character>
    </Group_Field_Character>
    <Group_Field_Character>
      <repetitions>50</repetitions>
      <fields>1</fields>
      <groups>0</groups>
      <group_location unit="byte">523</group_location>
      <group_length unit="byte">9</group_length>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>TARGET_SIGNAL</name>
        <field_number>3</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">523</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
        <field_format>%09.6f</field_format>
        <unit>VOLT</unit>

```

```

    <description>50 Samples of Target Signal. The
    hemispherical Target is sampled every 8 us. If the MCP signal meets
    the necessary dust impact requirements and 50 samples are stored as
    described in the MCP Signal description, 50 samples of the Target
    signal will also be stored.</description>
  </Field_Character>
</Group_Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>VALID</name>
  <field_number>4</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">1023</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
  <field_format>%1d</field_format>
  <description>0 If the MCP signal crosses the
  programmable threshold but fails the impact detection criteria, the
  event will be flagged as an invalid dust impact. Invalid dust impact
  waveforms will be stored at a programmable cadence.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>HV_ADJUST</name>
  <field_number>5</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">1025</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">5</field_length>
  <field_format>%5.1f</field_format>
  <unit>VOLT</unit>
  <description>MCP High Voltage adjustment value.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>NOISE_STATUS</name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">1031</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
  <field_format>%1d</field_format>
  <description>1 A test interface has been built into
  the software to allow for noise testing during instrument development
  and integration which will allow for 1000 samples the MCP and Target
  channels to be stored in 20 packets. These packets will flagged as
  noise data.</description>
</Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

### 8.3 Current

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>

<logical_identifier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_calibrated:calibrated_current_13325_1333
4_tab</logical_identifier>
  <version_id>1.0</version_id>
  <title>CURRENT_13325_13334</title>
  <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
  <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
</Identification_Area>
<Observation_Area>
  <Time_Coordinates>
    <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
    <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
  </Time_Coordinates>
  <Primary_Result_Summary>

```

```

        <purpose>Science</purpose>
        <processing_level>Calibrated</processing_level>
        <Science_Facets>
            <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
            <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
            <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
        </Science_Facets>
    </Primary_Result_Summary>
    <Investigation_Area>
        <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
        <type>Mission</type>
        <Internal_Reference>
            <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
            <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
        </Internal_Reference>
    </Investigation_Area>
    <Observing_System>
        <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
        <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
        <Observing_System_Component>
            <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
            <type>Instrument</type>
            <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
included
in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
'ldex_pds_sis_rev1.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
bundle.</description>
            <Internal_Reference>
                <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
                <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
            </Internal_Reference>
        </Observing_System_Component>
    </Observing_System_Component>
    <Observing_System_Component>
        <name>LADEE</name>
        <type>Spacecraft</type>
        <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
        <Internal_Reference>
            <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
            <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
        </Internal_Reference>
    </Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
    <name>Dust</name>
    <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
    <name>Moon</name>
    <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
    <File>
        <file_name>current_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
        <local_identifier>CALIBRATED_CURRENT_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
        <creation_date_time>2014-04-18</creation_date_time>
        <file_size unit="byte">4039740</file_size>
        <records>44886</records>
    </File>
    <Table_Character>
        <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
        <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
        <records>44886</records>
        <description>This is the calibrated current from the
integrator channel of LDEX. This integrator collects cumulative

```

```

    charge from the MCP.</description>
<record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
<Record_Character>
  <fields>7</fields>
  <groups>0</groups>
  <record_length unit="byte">90</record_length>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>TIME</name>
    <field_number>1</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
    <field_format>-%21s</field_format>
    <description>Time of integrated signal measurement in
  UTC.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>CURRENT</name>
    <field_number>2</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Integrated current collect by the MCP.
  Background noise has been subtracted from these measurements.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>STD_CURRENT</name>
    <field_number>3</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">34</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Standard deviation in the current
  measurement.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>SIGNAL</name>
    <field_number>4</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">45</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Current measured for the 98 points
  during the non-switched period (-200V)</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>STD_SIGNAL</name>
    <field_number>5</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">56</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Standard deviation in the signal
  measurement.</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>BACKGROUND</name>
    <field_number>6</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">67</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Current measured for the 8 points during

```

```

    the switched period (+30V)</description>
  </Field_Character>
  <Field_Character>
    <name>STD_BACKGROUND</name>
    <field_number>7</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">78</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">10</field_length>
    <field_format>%10.3E</field_format>
    <unit>AMPERE</unit>
    <description>Standard deviation in the background
    measurement.</description>
  </Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>

```

### 8.3.1 Mass

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-model href="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1/PDS4_PDS_1100.sch"?>
<Product_Observational xmlns="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/pds/v1"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:sbn="http://pds.nasa.gov/pds4/sbn/psi/v1">
  <Identification_Area>
    <logical_idenfier>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:data_calibrated:calibrated_mass_13325_13334_t
    ab</logical_idenfier>
    <version_id>1.0</version_id>
    <title>MASS_13325_13334</title>
    <information_model_version>1.1.0.1</information_model_version>
    <product_class>Product_Observational</product_class>
  </Identification_Area>
  <Observation_Area>
    <Time_Coordinates>
      <start_date_time>2013-11-21T00:00:00Z</start_date_time>
      <stop_date_time>2013-12-01T00:00:00Z</stop_date_time>
    </Time_Coordinates>
    <Primary_Result_Summary>
      <purpose>Science</purpose>
      <processing_level>Calibrated</processing_level>
      <Science_Facets>
        <domain>Atmosphere</domain>
        <discipline_name>Small Bodies</discipline_name>
        <facet1>Dust Study</facet1>
      </Science_Facets>
    </Primary_Result_Summary>
    <Investigation_Area>
      <name>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
      <type>Mission</type>
      <Internal_Reference>
        <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:investigation.ladee</lid_reference>
        <reference_type>data_to_investigation</reference_type>
      </Internal_Reference>
    </Investigation_Area>
    <Observing_System>
      <name>LAD + LDEX</name>
      <description>LADEE with LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</description>
      <Observing_System_Component>
        <name>LUNAR DUST EXPERIMENT</name>
        <type>Instrument</type>
        <description>The LADEE Lunar Dust Experiment (LDEX) instrument description is
        included
        in section 3 of the LADEE LDEX Software Interface Specification (SIS) file
        'ldex_pds_sis_rev.c.pdf' in the document collection of the LADEE LDEX
        bundle.</description>
      </Observing_System_Component>
    </Observing_System>
  </Observation_Area>

```

```

<lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:instrument.ldex_lad</lid_reference>
  <reference_type>is_instrument</reference_type>
</Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
<Observing_System_Component>
  <name>LADEE</name>
  <type>Spacecraft</type>
  <description>The LADEE spacecraft description document is included in the file
'lad_pds_spacecraft_rev1.docx' in the document collection of the
LADEE LDEX bundle.</description>
  <Internal_Reference>
    <lid_reference>urn:nasa:pds:ladee_ldex:context:obs.ladee</lid_reference>
    <reference_type>is_instrument_host</reference_type>
  </Internal_Reference>
</Observing_System_Component>
</Observing_System>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Dust</name>
  <type>Dust</type>
</Target_Identification>
<Target_Identification>
  <name>Moon</name>
  <type>Satellite</type>
</Target_Identification>
</Observation_Area>
<File_Area_Observational>
  <File>
    <file_name>mass_13325_13334.tab</file_name>
    <local_identifier>CALIBRATED_MASS_13325_13334_TAB</local_identifier>
    <creation_date_time>2014-04-03</creation_date_time>
    <file_size unit="byte">1301040</file_size>
    <records>14456</records>
  </File>
  <Table_Character>
    <local_identifier>TABLE</local_identifier>
    <offset unit="byte">0</offset>
    <records>14456</records>
    <description>This is the mass of each recorded event
on the LDEX MCP.</description>
    <record_delimiter>carriage-return line-feed</record_delimiter>
    <Record_Character>
      <fields>10</fields>
      <groups>0</groups>
      <record_length unit="byte">90</record_length>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>TIME</name>
        <field_number>1</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">1</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Time</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">21</field_length>
        <field_format>%21s</field_format>
        <description>Time of impact in UTC.</description>
      </Field_Character>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>MASS</name>
        <field_number>2</field_number>
        <field_location unit="byte">23</field_location>
        <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
        <field_length unit="byte">8</field_length>
        <field_format>%8.2E</field_format>
        <unit>KILOGRAM</unit>
        <description>Calibrated mass of impacting dust grain.
This is always derived from the MCP signal amplitude, unless the MCP
signal saturates. In this case, it is derived from the target
signal.</description>
      </Field_Character>
      <Field_Character>
        <name>MCP_CHARGE</name>

```

```

    <field_number>3</field_number>
    <field_location unit="byte">32</field_location>
    <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
    <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
    <field_format>%9.3E</field_format>
    <unit>COULOMB</unit>
    <description>Impact plasma charge from MCP. This
value includes the MCP gain.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>TARGET_CHARGE</name>
  <field_number>4</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">42</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
  <field_format>%9.3E</field_format>
  <unit>COULOMB</unit>
  <description>Impact plasma charge as measured by the
target.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMG_CHARGE</name>
  <field_number>5</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">52</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">7</field_length>
  <field_format>%7.1E</field_format>
  <unit>COULOMB</unit>
  <description>Image charge from charged dust grain
induced on the target.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>0.0E+00</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>IMG_VELOCITY</name>
  <field_number>6</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">60</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">7</field_length>
  <field_format>%7.1E</field_format>
  <unit>KM/S</unit>
  <description>Speed of charged dust grain. Calculated
using image charge signal waveform from target.</description>
  <Special_Constants>
    <missing_constant>0.0E+00</missing_constant>
  </Special_Constants>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>VELOCITY</name>
  <field_number>7</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">68</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">7</field_length>
  <field_format>%7.1E</field_format>
  <unit>KM/S</unit>
  <description>Impacting velocity of incident dust
grain assuming ballistic orbits.</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>MASS_THRESHOLD</name>
  <field_number>8</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">76</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Real</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">9</field_length>
  <field_format>%9.3E</field_format>
  <unit>KILOGRAM</unit>
  <description>Lowest mass of dust grain possible for
LDEX to observe given current settings.</description>

```

```
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>SATURATED</name>
  <field_number>9</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">86</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
  <field_format>%1d</field_format>
  <description>0 = Neither Target or MCP saturated
1 = MCP saturated
2 = Target saturated
3 = Both Target and MCP saturated</description>
</Field_Character>
<Field_Character>
  <name>QUALITY</name>
  <field_number>10</field_number>
  <field_location unit="byte">88</field_location>
  <data_type>ASCII_Integer</data_type>
  <field_length unit="byte">1</field_length>
  <field_format>%1d</field_format>
  <description>Quality flag used by the LDEX team to
determine reliability of an individual impact.</description>
</Field_Character>
</Record_Character>
</Table_Character>
</File_Area_Observational>
</Product_Observational>
```